

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

VOLUME 32.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1902.

NUMBER 16.

WM. BACON-HOLMES CO.

DEALERS IN

Lumber, Coal, Salt and Cement,

AND ALL KINDS OF

FARM PRODUCE.

ALL KINDS OF BUILDING MATERIAL

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Honest Weights and Square Dealings Guaranteed.
As Good as Our Neighbors.

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North of M. C. B. R.

B. BACON, Manager.

Imported and Domestic Woolens

Made to Measure and Just as You Direct.



The largest stock of Piece Goods in Chelsea.

Sack Suits and Overcoats \$15 and up.
Prince Albert, Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits (silk or satin faced) \$23 up.
Trousers \$3 and up.

The biggest and best stock, the finest variety. Samples furnished on application.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

THE GLASS BLOCK TAILORING PARLORS,

J. J. RAFTREY,

Phone 37.

Proprietor.

Go to Earl's for Low Prices.

Gandy's Hand Made Chocolates,	25c lb	Muzzy's Sun Gloss Starch	7c lb
Puritan Chocolates,	20c lb	Elastic Starch (flat iron brand),	9c lb
Wyandotte Baking Soda,			4c package

Baking Powder and other Shelf Goods at lowest prices.
Fresh Baked Goods always on hand.

Bread 4c a loaf, 7 loaves for 25c.

J. G. EARL.

Heating Stoves

at prices to close.

Steel Ranges

at reduced prices.

Furniture Stock

complete and prices the lowest.

W. J. KNAPP

Nobby Winter Clothing.

We are showing a complete and swell line of newest style patterns of Imported and Domestic Woolens.

Patterns for Business Suits. Patterns for Fine Dress Suits. Patterns for Trousers. Patterns for Fancy Vests. Patterns for Overcoats. Let us make your clothes, they will fit well, look well and wear well.

J. GEO. WEBSTER,

Merchant Tailor.

The Second Chocolatiers.

The second of the series of chocolatiers being given by the ladies of the Congregational church was held at the home of Mrs. L. T. Fresman Tuesday afternoon. The house was very prettily decorated, with sweet, smilax and carnations being largely used. The dining room looked very attractive with ropes of smilax strung from the electrolite to the corners of the table, which bore a big cluster of carnations in the center, and handsome candelabra at either corner. Daintily draped tables in the corners of one room bore many elegant specimens of hand painted china, chief among which were a china punch bowl, large tankard, water carafe, etc., while the plates were placed in racks on the side walls. About 125 ladies were present and enjoyed the afternoon in inspecting the china and visiting.

An Appreciated Present.

Pinckney Dispatch: The prayer room of the M. E. church at this place has been heated during the medium cold weather by one of the big lamps, instead of firing up the furnace, which is quite expensive to run for so small a room. Learning of this fact, the Glazier Oil Stove Co., of Chelsea, notified us that they had sent us one of their No. 60 oil heaters, hoping it would be of use to the society.

The company have the thanks of the society for the gift, as it will save much expense and trouble. As there are several of their stoves in this vicinity giving the best satisfaction, no fear is entertained but what the stove will do its part of the work. Their stoves are known the world over as the best made.

Railroad Wreck at Grass Lake.

Two Michigan Central freight trains met head on at Grass Lake Wednesday night of last week and nine cars were wrecked and the contents strewn over the track. No one was killed although three of the train men were injured. One of the cars crushed into the side of E. E. Palmer's mill and made a big hole in it. "Souvenir" hunters were on the ground early next morning and carried off lots of stuff. It will now be up to Grass Lake to have a visit from Detective DeRosier, who will ask the hunters to explain how they came into possession of these articles, as he did the Chelsea people at the time of the wreck here last year.

Waterloo.

Mrs. L. L. Gorton is sick.
Miss Myra Clark called on Miss Ella Monroe Saturday.
Born, Nov. 25, to Mr. and Mrs. Orla Pollock, a daughter.
Fred Moeckel is serving as a United States juror in Detroit.
Born, Nov. 20, to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Ellsworth, a daughter.
L. L. Gorton is soon to have his store lighted with electric lights.
Dr. and Mrs. Rowe, of Stockbridge, visited C. A. Rowe Sunday.
The Misses Edna Runciman and Mary Gorton visited Waterloo school Friday.
Alpheus Barber and John Barber and family spent Saturday with C. A. Barber.
Dillon Rowe and family are visiting Mrs. Rowe's parents Mr. and Mrs. Hubbard.

A handsome monument was erected in the family lot of the late Wm. Palmer last week.

Mrs. Gordon and her son and daughter returned home from their visit to Wisconsin Wednesday, Nov. 26.

Alpheus Barber, of Lacrosse, Wis., has been visiting friends in this place the past week. Mr. Barber formerly lived in Waterloo, but it has been 21 years since he left.

Henry C. Williams, of this town, and Miss Harriet M. Updike were married at the home of the bride's parents in North Loni, by Rev. L. G. Herbert, of Grass Lake, Tuesday, Nov. 25. A bountiful wedding feast followed and the young couple went east for a bridal trip. They were handsomely remembered by their friends.

The Pride of Heroes.

Many soldiers in the last war wrote to say that for scratches, bruises, cuts, wounds, corns, sore feet and stiff joints, Bucklen's Arnica Salve is the best in the world. Same for burns, scalds, boils, ulcers, skin eruptions and piles. It cures or no pay. Only 25c at Glazier & Stimson's drug store.

Subscribe for the Chelsea Herald.

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST.

Today is pension voucher day and the old vets are receiving their quarterly allowance slips.

Kalmbach & Parker last week sold for Chauncey Hummel a house and lot in Munnth for \$700.

District school teachers can obtain a very convenient monthly report card at the HERALD office in any quantity and at reasonable prices. Come in and see them.

The C. E. Society will hold its annual fair and supper at the Congregational church, Wednesday evening, Dec. 10. Supper 25 cents for adults, 15 cents for children. No admission fee charged.

The December term of the circuit court opened Monday. There were 11 criminal cases on the docket, besides 48 civil cases, issues of fact, 8 divorce cases, and 16 other chancery cases, making a total of 83 cases.

Dr. Watson cures all forms of chronic diseases of both men and women. At Chelsea house Monday, Dec. 8, and Grass Lake, Lake house, Tuesday, Dec. 9. No money required of responsible parties to begin treatment.

The State Grange and State Association of Farmers' Clubs will meet in Lansing next week. One of the questions to be discussed is that of the centralization of rural schools. Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Cook are the delegates to the meeting from the Western Washtenaw Union Farmers' Club.

D. W. Greenleaf, who for over three years has been bookkeeper at the Chelsea Savings Bank, has resigned his position, having been called to his father's home at Tekama, Kansas, by the failing health of that gentleman, who died Sunday morning. Mrs. Greenleaf will join him as soon as possible. During Mr. Greenleaf's stay in Chelsea he made many warm friends who regret to see him and his wife, who has lived here all her life, move away from our midst.

Tuesday evening of last week, Nov. 25, Mrs. Mercy Boyd, of Sylvan, celebrated her 92d birthday anniversary in the midst of a company of 50 of her relatives, neighbors and friends, who had gathered at her home to give her a surprise party. Under the management of Miss Amanda Merker a dainty repast was served. Later in the evening a musical program was furnished by the Misses Josie and Florence Hesel schwerdt, Mrs. L. A. Stephens, of Chelsea, and Chas. Stephenson, of Jackson. A pleasant time was enjoyed by all.

The annual meeting of the State Association of Breeders of Improved Live Stock is set for Tuesday and Wednesday, Dec. 16 and 17, in Detroit. The headquarters of the Association will be at the Griswold House, where rooms for the various breed meetings will be furnished. It is proposed to have all the latter meetings closed up on Tuesday, so the entire day of Wednesday can be given up to the combined meeting. The program being arranged for this meeting will be of the most practical description, the various topics discussed being opened by experienced men.

A Million Voices

Could hardly express the thanks of Homer Hall, of West Point, Ia. Listen why: A severe cold had settled on his lungs, causing a most obstinate cough. Several physicians said he had consumption, but could not help him. When all thought he was doomed he began to use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and writes—"It completely cured me and saved my life. I now weigh 227 lbs." It's positively guaranteed for coughs, colds and lung troubles. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at Glazier & Stimson's.

Lima.

Fred Staebler spent Monday in Ann Arbor.
Miss Bertha Strieter is visiting relatives in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Stocking spent Thanksgiving in Detroit.

Mr. Gurt, of Wayne, has the position of day man at the Lima sub-station.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank McMillen spent Thanksgiving with relatives in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Guerin, of Detroit, and Mrs. W. H. Guerin, of Ypsilanti, spent Friday at Mrs. O. B. Guerin's.

The Epworth League will have a chicken pie social in the church parlors, on Friday night, Dec. 12. The Chelsea Orchestra will furnish the music. Tickets 15 cents. Supper from 5 o'clock until all are served.

JEWELRY SALE

AT

The Bank Drug Store

New Goods

AT

Sensational Prices

Beginning Dec. 8th and lasting till Christmas.

Solid Gold Birthday Rings \$1.00.
Solid Gold Cuff Links \$1.90 a set.
Solid Gold Brooch Pins.
Scarf Pins, Charms, Locketts.

We are giving you an opportunity of buying Jewelry 25 to 50 per cent below normal prices.

Read the Catalogue

We are mailing you.

The Bank Drug Store

Your Meat Sense

May not enable you to select the best, but

Our Experience in Buying

insures your getting the best.

We cure our own Hams and Bacon and make our own Kettle Rendered Lard, also Sausage of all kinds.

We are Selling

Meat at the

Old Time Prices

ADAM EPPLER.

WILLIAM CASPARY

The Baker.

I have on hand at all times at my old stand opposite the Town Hall, Chelsea, a choice stock of

Bread, Cakes, Macaroons, Lady Fingers, Cream Puffs, Ginger Snaps, Cookies, Pies and all kinds of Baked Goods, made of the best materials and of my own baking.

Lunches Served to Order.
Full line of Home Made Candies.
Give me a call.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

T. W. MINGAY, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

1902 DECEMBER, 1902

SUN.	MON.	TUES.	WED.	THUR.	FRI.	SAT.
...	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31
...

THE WEEK'S NEWS

Happenings of the Past Seven Days in Brief.

ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

Casualties and Fires, Personal and Political Notes, Business Failures and Resumptions, Weather Record.

INTELLIGENCE FROM ALL PARTS

DOMESTIC.

William Theobald, special customs agent at New York, was discharged by Secretary Shaw following a charge that he advised Mrs. Ida H. Dulles, Philadelphia, not to declare a \$26,000 necklace she brought from Europe.

In Hancock county, in the mountains of upper East Tennessee, Richard Green probably fatally shot his wife and daughter in an attempt to kill himself. He then shot and killed himself, using a shotgun.

The annual report of Director of the Mint Roberts shows that the coinage capacity will be greatly increased with the completion of the new mint at Denver.

Chairman McPherson has sold his seat on the New York stock exchange, and will retire. The sale price is said to have been \$80,000.

Postmaster General Payne's annual report recommends free mail delivery in all cities of 5,000 population or \$5,000 gross receipts. The postal deficit for the fiscal year is \$2,961,170.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson has ordered a quarantine against cattle, sheep and swine in New England and prohibited their exportation or shipment elsewhere. The foot and mouth disease is epidemic in four states.

The steamer Sylvanus J. Macy, with 18 men, sunk in Lake Erie during Sunday night's gale. The news was brought to Detroit by the barge Mabel Wilson, which the Macy was towing. The steamer Bannockburn is believed to be lost in Lake Superior with 20 men.

President Roosevelt answered the objection of white citizens against a negro as collector of Charleston (S. C.) port, and declared he would not discriminate between whites and blacks showing equal ability for office.

The St. Louis flyer on the Big Four road was wrecked near Avon, Ind., by a broken rail. It is believed that many persons were killed.

"American corsets rule this market," says United States Consul Mahin, reporting to the state department from Nottingham, England, on popular American wares in England.

After eluding arrest for several months, Charles F. Kelly, the former speaker of the St. Louis house of delegates, who is wanted in the western city in connection with the bribery cases unearthed there some time ago, was arrested. He had just returned from Liverpool.

At Armourdale, Kan., Ernest Damms and Charles W. Tucker, packing house employes, fought a pistol duel over Mabel Randall, a waitress. Damms was mortally wounded, but before he died he shot Tucker twice, fatally wounding him.

William Armstrong, one of the most prominent business men in Ottumwa, Ia., and well known in Iowa commercial circles, dropped dead while talking to a customer.

Edward F. Croker, chief of the New York fire department, who recently was tried on a series of charges, has been declared guilty by Commissioner Sturgis, and was dismissed from the service, the dismissal to take place on December 1.

The president has decided to appoint W. J. Youngs, of Oyster Bay, United States district attorney for the eastern district of New York, to succeed George H. Pettit, whose term expires December 20.

Secretary Moody's annual report declares a shortage of 577 naval officers exists, while new ships being built will need 623 more, and 100 will leave the service. Eight battleships under construction are from ten to 29 months behind the contract.

The plant and stock of the Curtis Fertilizer company, at Louisville, Ky., was damaged by fire to the extent of \$50,000. The loss is covered by insurance.

Dr. Adolph Lorenz, the Vienna surgeon, was given the degree of LL.D. by Northwestern university at the dedication of the Tremont hotel building in Chicago to educational purposes. He declared himself the agent only of the Vienna university, to whom the honor of the degree belongs.

Weekly trade reviews report that cold weather has increased distribution in certain lines. Railroad earnings are maintained and car shortage continues.

Secretary of War Root in his annual report recommends that the office of commanding general be abolished and a general staff be established with the chief as the army's head.

A boiler explosion in the plant of the Swift Packing company at the stockyards in Chicago caused 13 deaths, 20 more being injured.

The third international live stock show opened in Chicago.

Comptroller Ridgely, in his annual report, favors a plan for giving elasticity to the currency system by allowing national banks to issue notes additional to those secured by government bonds.

The captain and crew of a sinking schooner were rescued off the Atlantic coast after 18 hours of peril and suffering.

Wesley Reynolds, 16 years old, was killed in a desperate fight with four bank robbers at Westville, Ind.

The annual football game between West Point and Annapolis resulted in victory for the army over the navy by a score of 22 to 8.

Harvey Logan, the alleged Montana train robber, has been given ten sentences, aggregating 130 years, at Knoxville, Tenn.

Marine losses on the great lakes for the season just closing are reported about the same as last year.

Mrs. Hattie L. Whitten, of Dexter, Me., hanged herself while being held as the suspected murderess of her nine and 11-year-old daughters.

A test of the new submarine torpedo boats shows that they are not up to expectations.

Chief Justice Fuller at Richmond declined to take up an election case involving disfranchisement of negroes, basing his decision on lack of jurisdiction.

Two men made an unsuccessful attempt to rob a Chicago & Alton passenger train at Independence, Mo.

The army transport Crook arrived in San Francisco from Manila.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Sheriff-elect James M. Fahnestock, of Pittsburg, Pa., died at the Egnew hotel, Mt. Clemens, Mich., after a brief attack of pneumonia.

Mrs. Eliza Stansburg died at Bloomington, Ill., aged 75. She was a wealthy pioneer resident of central Illinois, and became noted through her generosity to religious institutions.

Mrs. Kate Vance, a colored woman of Newton, Kan., is dead, aged 123 years. Mrs. Vance had a daughter 90 years of age, and her husband died at the age of 105.

Amid a flow of poetry, wit and oratory, New York friends celebrated the sixty-seventh birthday of Mark Twain.

Senator Hawley, of Connecticut, who is seriously ill, is not expected to resume his public duties and may resign.

Nelson Augustave Moore, the veteran landscape painter, died at his home in Kensington, Conn., from apoplexy.

John Eliot Ward, president of the convention that nominated Buchanan for the presidency, died in his eighty-eighth year at Dorchester, Ga.

FOREIGN

Emperor William in his farewell audience of Ambassador White presented him with the gold medal of the empire for science and art, which is given once a year to a person, either a German or a foreigner, who in the opinion of the government is best entitled to it.

People are dying by scores from fever in Colombia. So great is the mortality in some places that no attempt is made to give burial to the victims.

A private cablegram announces the death at Madras, India, of Theodore Parker Cabot, United States consul at Madras.

The gold standard scheme for Siam has become law and the mints have been closed to the free coinage of silver.

Dr. Joseph Parker, minister of the City Temple, London, is dead.

Frau Krupp has given \$750,000 to establish a benefit fund for the workmen at Essen, Prussia, in memory of her late husband.

Senor Tamayo's resignation as Cuban government secretary has been accepted by President Palma, and Senor Yero, secretary of public instruction, made his successor temporarily. The resignation was due to the Havana strike.

Capt. Pershing and 60 American soldiers have completed a march across the island of Mindanao, and are probably the first white men who ever made the journey.

Gen. De Wet's story of the Boer war, published in London, declares that the Boers lost because so many burghers proved false to their colors.

A London paper demands that the United States keep order among the South American republics if the Monroe doctrine is to be enforced.

Residents of the Isthmus of Panama demand the recall of Minister Concha, believing his attitude endangers the Panama canal project.

LATER

The second session of the Fifty-seventh congress began in Washington on the 1st. In the senate the death of Senator McMillan, of Michigan, was announced, and adjournment was taken. In the house the new members were sworn in. Mr. Cannon (Ill.) introduced a bill appropriating \$50,000 to defray the expenses of the anthracite coal strike commission. Adjournment was voted out of respect to the memory of Representative Charles G. Russell, of Connecticut.

T. Henry French, famous as a theatrical manager and producer of many celebrated dramas, died in New York.

The United States is said to have reached a practical agreement with Costa Rica and Nicaragua whereby a canal route, with absolute control, is to be made over.

Safe blowers robbed the Tomah (Wis.) post office of about \$1,200 in stamps.

The annual report of Herbert Putnam, librarian of congress, shows that the total number of books in the library is 1,114,111.

The Belgian steamer Leopold founded in the North sea and 28 persons were drowned.

Barry Johnstone, a famous actor, shot and killed Kate Hassett, an actress, in New York, and then shot himself. Jealousy was the cause.

The liner St. Louis arrived at New York after one of the most tempestuous voyages in her history.

The total circulation of national bank notes outstanding November 29, 1902, was \$384,854,514.

There was over \$23,000 in a mail sack which was stolen or lost at or near Danville, Ky.

Rev. W. H. Milburn, blind chaplain of the United States senate, has resigned owing to ill health.

The fire losses in the United States in the last 11 months amounted to \$123,667,000, against \$152,000,000 for 1901.

President Joseph Smith, of the Mormon church, declares that the church does not sanction polygamy.

The steamer Charles Hebard was wrecked in Lake Superior during a gale and 15 persons were drowned.

The public debt statement issued on the 1st shows that the debt decreased \$410,440 during the month of November. Cash in the treasury, \$354,575,588. Total debt, less cash in the treasury, \$958,097,281.

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

The democratic congressional campaign committee is to be made a permanent institution.

Leroy Pelletier, of New York, is making arrangements to start next summer in quest of the north pole.

Havana newspapers advise the Cuban government to accept the United States' offer of 20 per cent. tariff reduction.

Congressman Cannon, of Illinois, arrived in Washington and said he had enough votes pledged to make him speaker.

The commissioner general of immigration has postponed action as to the case of the Cuban children ordered deported.

Prince Henry, head of the house of Pless, will succeed Baron von Holleben as the German ambassador to the United States.

A Panama paper lauds the services of Admiral Casey in the peace negotiations between the Colombian government and the revolutionists.

The killing of William Fitzgerald by Godfrey Hunter, Jr., in Guatemala City, is said to have been the outcome of an old Kentucky feud.

Henry C. Frick, former steel magnate, will give a site for a university, erect buildings and furnish \$2,500,000 endowment to the city of Pittsburg.

Kansas farmers are better off financially than ever before. Corn is held for higher prices, while poultry, butter and alfalfa furnish a living income.

Investigation into the death of Mrs. Gertrude Young, of Minneapolis, who died from long fasting, revealed the fact that a number of persons had adopted the fad.

Now that the footings have been made, the republicans will have 208 and the democrats 178 members in the next house, of 39 majority against 50 majority in the present house.

Ex-Queen Tiliuokalani is in Washington to attempt to secure from congress payment for the crown lands which were taken over by this government at the time of annexation.

A rush of settlers from the United States is expected by Canadian officials, who estimate there will be 100,000 immigrants there in the spring. The prospect of losing citizenship may deter many.

CATARRH OF LUNGS.

A Prominent Chicago Lady Cured by Pe-ru-na.

Miss Maggie Welch, secretary of the Betsey Ross Educational and Benevolent Society, writes from 328 North State street, Chicago, Ill., the following glowing words concerning Peruna:

"Last fall I caught the most severe cold I ever had in my life. I coughed night and day, and my lungs and throat became so sore that I was in great distress. All cough remedies



Miss Maggie Welch.

nauseated me, and nothing afforded me relief until my doctor said rather in a joke, 'I guess Peruna is the only medicine that will cure you.'

"I told him that I would certainly try it and immediately sent for a bottle. I found that relief came the first day, and as I kept taking it faithfully the cough gradually diminished, and the soreness left me. It is fine."—Maggie Welch.

Address the Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio, for free literature on catarrh.

Frisco System - New Observation Cafe Cars.

In addition to through chair car and Pullman Sleeper service the Frisco System operates on its trains out of Saint Louis and Kansas City very handsome Observation Cafe Cars, under management of Fred Harvey. These cars are equipped with every convenience, including large library observation room and platform; the former supplied with easy chairs, writing material, latest newspapers and periodicals. Electric lights and electric fans add to the comfort of the passengers. These trains leave Saint Louis and Kansas City daily via the Frisco System.

Willing to Leave It Out.—"Sweet are the uses of adversity," quoted the philosophical friend. "Perhaps," admitted the prosaic man, "but I'm not hankering for that kind of sweetness."—Chicago Post.

Dr. August Koenig's Hamburg Drops, as a blood purifier, strength and health restorer, and a specific for all stomach, liver and kidney troubles, leads all other similar medicines in its wonderful and marvelous confidence of the people, especially our vast German population. It is not a new and untried product, but was made and sold more than sixty years ago.

Self-laudation abounds among the unpolished; but nothing can stamp a man more sharply as ill-bred.—Buxton.

Stops the Cough and works off the cold. Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Price 25 cents.

"Some men bet on a horse race," said Uncle Eben, "an' den talks about bein' on lucky instead o' foolish."—Washington Star.

Do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—J. F. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

As to His Hair.—Tess—"She declares her beau's hair is natural. Is that straight?" Jess—"Straight as a dye."—Philadelphia Press.

All creameries use butter color. Why not do as they do—use June Tint Butter Color.

Most people would succeed in small things if they were not troubled with great ambitions.—Longfellow.

Iowa Farms \$4 Per Acre Cash, bal. crop till paid. Mulhall, Sioux City, Ia.

Fame is a glorious thing, but a small regular income is much more satisfactory to the average man.—Chicago Daily News.



DENSLOW'S NIGHT BEFORE CHRISTMAS

Full of Pictures in Brilliant Colors

The Old Classic Story, illustrated by W. Denslow. Here is the best Christmas story ever told. The man is yet to be born who can write anything to supersede what has made St. Nicholas and his tiny reindeer living and breathing realities to millions of children throughout the world. This magnificent book is full of action and fun for the children. It easily eclipses all other juvenile picture books of the year. A large Quarto, handsomely bound in illuminated Board Cover. Price, \$1.50.

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Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION.

Price 25 Cents

GENUINE MUST BEAR SIGNATURE OF

Dr. J. C. Carter

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Seeking a New Home?

Why not try the Great Southwest? Interesting information about conditions and business chances in Missouri, Kansas, Indian Territory and Texas will be cheerfully furnished by James Barker, Gen'l Pass. & Tkt. Agt., M. K. & T. Ry., 518 Wainwright Bldg., St. Louis.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

Bears The Signature Of

Use For Over Thirty Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Mexican MUSTANG LINIMENT

IS THE BEST FOR

Cuts, Old Sores, and All Open Wounds

Winter Coat Models for the Little Misses



WITH Old Boreas blowing his winter blasts in upon us from the north we can no longer neglect, if we have so far, the preparations for winter, which include the winter coat. For anyone who would get out of doors the winter coat is a necessity. For those who cannot afford them furs may be left out of the winter's consideration. They are not among the absolute necessities of life. The mother with little daughters must think also of not only her own coat but for like warm garments for her daughters. Health, if nothing else, demands that the children be out of doors in the keen winter air, but they must be warmly clad, and it is their desire also to be prettily clad. Both considerations are easily met this winter for the woman who neither desires nor can afford any lavish expenditure for clothes. In fact it would seem that the designers of our fashions for children had specially in mind the great middle class when they were at work upon the winter modes. A few dollars will buy both a serviceable and dainty coat of which no girl need feel ashamed.

The straight coat, coming down to the shoe tops, and made with single, double and triple capes, are the popular modes. In fact they are about the only ones seen except in the very fashionable circles, where the children are so often so bedecked with novelties that they appear more as walking advertisements for the mod-

ities than anything else. Of course, there is variety in the coats for the little misses, but it is a variety that is secured more in the way of trimming than otherwise.

The two coats shown in the illustration above are fair samples of the comparatively inexpensive garments of the winter.

One is made of reversible tweed, its outer coloring of dark blue being on the inner side so interwoven with white as to secure a herring-bone effect, which is brought into effective contrast in the collar, lapels and cuffs, where stitched bands of the plain blue tweed, divided by strappings of satin, are used as a bordering. Triple cape collars edged with stitching fall over the shoulders, and pearl buttons fasten the double-breasted front.

The other and sacque-shaped coat is made in cigar-brown cloth, with double-breasted fronts, and a collar of herring-bone tweed in brown and white colorings, edged with triple strappings of the brown cloth, the lapels being in the plain cloth simply finished with stitching and the cuffs matching the collar.

The hat with this one has a crown of velvet applique, with a spray of forget-me-nots and leaves in silken embroidery, and caught in eventually with a band and bow of silk, the frilled brim to match having its fullness all edged with tiny tucks. It can be made in any color, and both coat and hat may be recommended for every-day and school wear.

Charming Femininity in Tailor-Mades



ther it got away from the feminine the less its popularity, and so soon as its feminine features began returning its old-time popularity began to be in evidence. The tailor-made gown of the winter is a strictly feminine garment. It has lost both the stiffness and plainness that tended to make it masculine.

The illustration shows a fair sample of the tailor mode of the winter season. It is a coat and skirt costume of nut-brown cloth, with pipings and facings of velvet and a novel trimming of fancy silk braid, represents the latest achievement of these favorite and fashionable tailors of London and Paris, and by its absolute originality of design imparts a new charm to the coat and skirt costume.

For the coat, while cut without a collar at the neck, introduces a species of cape-collar to give a becoming width to the shoulders, and an exceedingly smart effect is secured by the introduction of the braid, with gold tags to finish off the ends, the same pretty idea being repeated in the waistband, which, after pursuing its decorative career, above the scalloped basque passes beneath the longer fronts. The gracefully hanging skirt also introduces the combined trimming of velvet and braid, and the whole costume is a perfect example of the smartness of simplicity when made by a master hand.

ELLEN OSMONDE.

HIC tailor-made gowns are more popular this winter than for several past seasons. The reason may probably be found in the fact that they are more feminine. Say what you will, the great majority of women prefer the distinctly feminine garment. The fad of the moment sometimes carries them away from this mode, but they are sure to return to it after a short time, more enthusiastic over its charms than ever before. So it has been with the tailor-made, the fur-

A Matter of Course.
Millie—I wonder what the holes in a porous plaster are for?
Willie—Why, they are for the pain to come out through, of course.—Yonkers Statesman.

Notwithstanding.
Doctor—Yes, there are a great many drugs used in medicine.
Patient—There is, bedad! An' ahtill a good many people git well at that.—Puck.

His Explanation.
"Brother Williams, did you ever sell a vote?"
"No, suh; but I hez many a time found a dollar whar de wise canderdates lost it!"—Atlanta Constitution.

Different Now.
He—Do you know, Miss Dorothy, I often kissed you when you were a baby?
She—Oh, well, I couldn't help myself then.—N. Y. Journal.

THE BANKRUPTCY LAW.

Some Interesting Information Regarding Its Operation During the Year.

Washington, Dec. 2.—A report on the practical operation of the bankruptcy law for the last year has been submitted to the attorney general by F. C. Brandenburg, in charge of such matters for the government. The aggregate number of voluntary petitions filed during the year was 16,374, against 17,000 in 1901, and 20,000 in 1900. During the same period 2,100 involuntary petitions were filed. The states showing the greatest number of voluntary proceedings were New York, 1,906 cases, and Illinois, 1,814; Alabama, 1,436; Massachusetts, 1,408; Maine, 860, Ohio, 770, and Iowa, 625. A year ago Illinois led the list with 2,266 petitions. The smallest numbers filed were one case in Alaska, six each in Arizona, New Mexico and Porto Rico, seven in Nevada, 11 in Hawaii, 20 in Delaware, and 29 in Idaho. Of the cases called during the year 1,320 were in behalf of farmers, 6,859 wage earners, 2,585 merchants, 235 manufacturers, 531 professional men, and 1,758 contractors, hotel and saloonkeepers, real estate men and others of a miscellaneous character not included within the classes enumerated.

VICTIM OF PARALYSIS.

Death in New York City of Thomas Henry French, Well-Known Dramatic Agent.

New York, Dec. 2.—Thomas Henry French, the publisher of plays and dramatic agent, died here Monday night from paralysis. He had been ill about two weeks. Mr. French was 54 years of age. Mr. French for years was associated with his father in publishing plays of all kinds, and carried on the business after his father's death. He was manager of the Madison Square garden when it was opened, and later of the Grand opera house. He built the Broadway and American theaters. He produced the plays "White Lies," "Silver King" and "Little Lord Fauntleroy," and organized and managed the Lillian Russell opera company. He also was the representative of the Theatre Royal in Drury lane, London.

PLEADS GUILTY.

Farmhand Acknowledges a Murder After Trying to Fasten Crime on Victim's Wife.

Des Moines, Ia., Dec. 2.—At Iowa City Monday Charles Holada pleaded guilty to murder in the second degree. James Gallagher, a farmer, was shot while he slept one night last spring. His wife, Mrs. Ella Gallagher, and Holada had been in the employ of Gallagher. Mrs. Gallagher was tried first, and Hollada was a witness against her, testifying that she told him it was her intention to kill her husband. Holada's testimony was badly riddled, and Mrs. Gallagher was acquitted on October 4. Holada's trial was called Monday.

MAIL SACK MISSING.

It Is Thought to Have Been Stolen with Its Contents Valued at Over \$23,000.

Danville, Ky., Dec. 2.—A sack of mail containing \$14,000 in drafts and checks from the internal revenue office here and \$9,000 in bank checks and drafts, besides registered letters from various parties, was stolen or lost between the Danville post office and the depot, or on the Cincinnati mail train ten days ago. James Hocker, the carrier, says he delivered the sack to the mail agent on the train, but the mail agent says Hocker did not. It was after dark, and there were a large number of sacks, and the general impression is that the sack was stolen at the depot.

Seeks Compensation.

Rome, Dec. 2.—In the chamber of deputies Foreign Minister Prinetti announced that Italy was opening negotiations with the United States with a view to securing compensation for the relatives of Italian emigrants who have been killed while employed in America, and that he hoped to get an equitable interpretation of clause three of the existing treaty. The Italian government, the minister added, also intended to pay a share of the expenses of any lawsuit undertaken by Italian subjects in this connection.

Going Backward.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Unsatisfactory reports have come to the state department in regard to the sanitary condition in Havana. Gen. Wood's reports that for 1889 and 1900 show that the Cuban city was exceedingly healthy as a result of the American methods of sanitation enforced. The state department is advised that a relaxation of this system is taking place gradually but surely. The sanitary inspectors are said to be more lenient, and there are numerous violations of sanitary laws.

ARE LOST IN A STORM.

Vessels Founder on the Lakes During a Gale.

Total of 29 Lives Lost—Steamer Charles Hebard and Schooner Aloha Lost in Lake Superior—The Celtic in Lake Huron.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Dec. 2.—Three vessels were lost in the furious gale which swept over Lakes Superior and Huron last Saturday night, and 26 men and three women were drowned. The following vessels were lost:

Steamer Charles Hebard, owned by Holland & Graves, Buffalo, N. Y., crew of 13 men and woman cook.

Schooner Aloha, owned by same firm; crew of six men and woman cook.

Schooner Celtic, owned by Spence Bros., of Cleveland; crew of seven men and woman cook.

Driven on Rocky Shore. The steamer Charles Hebard was driven on the rocky shore at Point Mamaine, Lake Superior, and the crew of 13 men and a woman cook have not been heard from since. It is feared all have perished.

The schooner Aloha, one of the three vessels that were being towed by the Hebard, broke away during the gale, and has not been heard from. The Aloha had a crew of six men and a woman cook.

Lost in Lake Huron.

The schooner Celtic was in tow of the steamer Runnells and broke away during the height of the gale when in the north end of Lake Huron. When the weather cleared the Runnells searched all along the east shore of the lake from Duck islands northward to Detour, finding no trace of the Celtic.

The Celtic carried a crew of eight, but a list of their names cannot be obtained. With the exception of the officers a complete shift in the personnel was made when the vessel was at Buffalo. The only members of the crew known to be on the missing boat were Capt. H. Jeffries, of Detroit, and Cook Margaret Quirk, of Marine City.

No Hope for Bannockburn.

There is no longer hope for the safety of the Bannockburn and its crew of 20 men. The death knell to the hopes of the relatives of the crew was sounded Monday when a dispatch was received from the captain of the tug Boynton, stating that he had traversed the entire shore where the missing steamer was believed to have stranded. No trace of the steamer or crew was discovered. As the waters of Lake Superior reach their greatest depth at that point it is probable that none of the bodies will ever be recovered. Lake Superior never gives up its dead.

Twenty-Eight Reported Dead.

Brussels, Dec. 2.—There is an unconfirmed rumor that the Belgian steamer Leopold has foundered in the North sea and 28 persons have been drowned.

CUT IN ESTIMATES.

Appropriations Asked by Secretary Shaw for the Year Ending June 30, 1904, Aggregate \$589,189,112.

Washington, Dec. 2.—The secretary of the treasury has transmitted to congress the estimates of the appropriations required for the government service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1904, as furnished by the heads of the several executive departments.

The total appropriations asked for are \$589,189,112, which is \$21,638,576 less than the estimates for 1903 and \$33,050,014 less than the appropriations for that year.

Following is a recapitulation of the estimates by departments, cents omitted.

Legislative	\$11,508,483
Executive	319,500
State department	2,676,825
Treasury department	172,313,528
War department	130,986,606
Navy department	84,725,798
Interior department	163,018,616
Post office department	10,383,486
Department of agriculture	5,660,150
Department of labor	184,220
Department of justice	7,431,900
Grand total	\$589,189,112

The Congressional Library.

Washington, Dec. 2.—The annual report of Herbert Putnam, librarian of congress, shows that during the past fiscal year the fees from copyrights aggregated \$64,687. The total number of books in the library is 1,114,111 volumes, of which 172,750 were duplicates. The accessions to the library during the year were 81,971 printed books and pamphlets, 62,910 manuscripts, 986 maps and charts, 34,401 pieces of music, 20,678 prints and 1,961 additions to the law library.

Unwilling to Arbitrate.

San Domingo, Republic of Santo Domingo, Dec. 2.—The Dominican government has informed United States Minister Powell that it could not agree to submit the points of disagreement with the improvement company to international arbitration. The question involves the payment of \$4,500,000 by the government to the improvement company, an American concern.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

To Satisfy Conscience.

At the annual meeting of the Lapeer County Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance association in Lapeer President John Dodds explained that he had received from a member of the association nearly \$2,000 conscious money, with the stipulation that he would not reveal the identity of the man who returned the money. The repentent individual says that the loss had been paid a number of years before, and that the amount returned included interest in full as well as principal. He confessed that he had employed a second party to burn his property while he was away from home, so that he could obtain the coveted insurance without fear of detection.

Killed Himself.

The body of Noah Hale, who shot and killed his son Frank in Sault Ste. Marie, October 3, has been found under a pile of brush within two miles of his former home. It was discovered by two hunters. Beside the body was the gun which Hale took with him as he rushed from home the day of the murder. A string attached to the trigger was also attached to Hale's foot, showing that he had adopted that device to fire the gun and kill himself.

Love Leads to Tragedy.

Because Bertha Sheldon had allowed another man to escort her home from the store where she is employed G. A. Darlington, a packer for the Ann Arbor Organ company, and a student in the university school of music, shot her in the arm and then fired a bullet into his own head, dying almost instantly. Darlington was from Stratheona, Ont. He served with the Canadian soldiers in the South African war and was about 24 years old.

Died in Utah.

Judge Jabez G. Sutherland, formerly one of the most prominent lawyers of Utah, and author of several standard works of law, died at Berkeley, Cal., aged 77 years. He was a member of the constitutional convention of Michigan in 1850, a member of the Michigan State legislature in 1880, and for seven years circuit judge of the tenth district of that state. He also served at congressman in the Forty-second congress.

Sugar Factories.

Indications are that the upper peninsula will not only soon be supplying its own demand for sugar, but will be shipping many tons to outside markets. The establishment of three large factories is in prospect. One of these, to be erected at Menominee, is assured, and the indications point to the success of similar projects at Sault Ste. Marie and Gladstone.

Lost Life for Money.

Mrs. Walter Knickerbocker, aged 63 years, living at Mena Creek, Oceana county, was burned to death and her husband, aged 80 years, was fatally burned in a fire that partially destroyed their residence. Mrs. Knickerbocker was in the barn when the fire broke out and ran into the burning house and upstairs to get a trunk that contained \$300.

Fatal Quarrel.

Charles Allen shot and killed Reed Cornell at Romeo. Allen was walking along the street with Miss Anna Forsythe when Cornell drove up in a carriage. Hot words followed. In spite of the protests of a companion, Cornell leaped from the buggy and advanced toward Allen. The latter whipped out of a revolver and shot Cornell, killing him.

Quick Justice.

Joseph Beck, the confessed murderer of 10-year-old Julia Wozniak, whom he killed in his blacksmith shop in Menominee September 28, was brought before Circuit Judge Stone, pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to hard labor for life in the branch state prison at Marquette, all in 20 minutes.

News Briefly Stated.

Genesee county probably leads the country in naming and marking country roads. All of them have received their names, and markers have been sent out to be placed at the corners to guide the persons who may be looking for a particular farm.

Louis Goodridge, of Negaunee lost his left leg while hunting.

The State Sunday School association has raised \$3,370 in pledges for the carrying on of the work of the state organization.

The cooperative laundry at Saginaw, the only one in the United States, it is said, has proved a failure and the plant is shut down.

Michigan met and defeated Oberlin at Ann Arbor in the hardest fought football game played on Ferry field this year. The score was 63 to 0.

A syndicate composed principally of Marquette men has organized the Lake Superior Gold Mining and Milling company to operate the La Fortuna mine in Mexico.

While unloading a car at the cement works at Coldwater the workmen found the body of an infant child under two feet of coal.

Seven

Diseases Caused by Measles.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Tonic and

Nervine Cured After Thirty-one Years.

"I was a perfectly healthy young man up to February 1865. When my regiment was in Camp Randall I was taken sick with the measles and I did not enjoy good health up to the time I used Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and Tonic in 1866. Doctors have told me it came from inactivity of the liver. I cannot say how many physicians did treat me but have had all kinds. Dieting has never helped me. Biliousness, attacks of headache, rheumatism, nasal catarrh, hay fever, asthma, and chronic diarrhoea; have all taken their turn with me. Thanks to the Nervine and Tonic I am completely restored to health. I have also used Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills with good results and I think that the Dr. Miles Remedies are perfect."—Rev. Hiram Bender, Sparta, Wis.

"I want to say a few good words for Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. I have been troubled very much with insomnia since I made the change to the new paper and on account of this have tried various remedies without relief. I was finally induced by a wholesale druggist, a personal friend of mine, to try Nervine. I can assure you it has done me a lot of good. I do not find it necessary to use it regularly now but occasionally when I find that I am excessively nervous and restless I again take it up as I always keep a supply on hand. It has never failed to give me the desired relief."—A. Huggin, Publisher "Daily Free-Press" Milwaukee, Wis.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

THE CHELSEA HERALD

T. W. MINGAY, Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

for \$1.00 per year strictly in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES

For long or short time contracts made known on application.

Cards of thanks and resolutions of respect will be charged for at the rate of 5 cents per line.

Announcements of entertainments, socials, etc., for which a regular admission fee is charged, 5 cents per line per insertion, unless other arrangements are made with the editor. Notices of church services free.

Entered at the Post Office at Chelsea, Mich., as second class matter.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1902.

Congressman H. C. Smith of this district, has introduced a bill in congress which places paints, colors, varnishes, glass and glassware, metals and manufactures, pulps, paper, books and coal on the free list.

The report of the superintendent of the rural free delivery service for the year ending June 30, 1902, shows that in Michigan there are 484 rural routes, which handled 26,601,951 pieces of mail, an average per carrier of 175 pieces delivered.

Don't throw your paper away as soon as you have glanced over the locals, but read over the advertisements. That is what our business men put them there for, and pay their good money to have them appear each week. Often times there is an advertisement in the Herald which on some one article will save you more than the price of the paper for a year. Try reading a few of the advertisements and see if you do not profit by it.

Profanity and obscene language in Pontiac and every other village in Oakland county has been ordered stopped. Prosecuting Attorney Rockwell has ordered the deputy sheriffs of the county to take the matter in charge and arrest every person who uses profane language on the streets. If the officers of the law in Oakland county are anything like those in other counties, we shall hear of them arresting each other a good many times, for the average deputy sheriff is about as good a hand at "cussing" as any man we ever heard.

Judge Aaron A. McAlvay, of Manistee, has announced his candidacy for the nomination for justice of the supreme court to succeed Justice Hooker. Judge McAlvay is a Washtenaw county boy, having been born in Ann Arbor in 1847. His education was gained in that city, where he passed through the city schools, the literary department of the university, in which he was a member of the class of 1868, and the law school. Upon his admission to the bar he established himself at Manistee, where he built up a fine practice and is one of the leading members of the bar of western Michigan. Judge McAlvay was appointed to the bench of the nineteenth circuit upon the death of Judge McMahon, and has for some years been a lecturer in the law department of the university.

It excites the wonder of the world, a magic remedy, liquid electricity, that drives away suffering and disease. Rocky Mountain Tea. 35c. Glazier & Stimson.

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST.

C. E. supper and fair, Wednesday evening, Dec. 10.

Five hundred switchmen on the Michigan Central have had their wages raised 10 per cent.

Elks' memorial services at Athens Theater, Ann Arbor, next Sunday afternoon at 8 o'clock.

The full text of President Roosevelt's message to congress will be found on one of the inside pages of today's Herald.

The Detroit Daily Journal on Tuesday next, Dec. 9, will consist of at least 82 pages. It will be particularly devoted to our export interests. One cent buys it.

The permanent improvements made on Ferry field, Ann Arbor, for the Michigan-Minnesota football game last Thursday make it the best athletic field in the United States.

The annual election of officers of St. Joseph's Sodality of St. Mary's church will be held next Sunday after the first mass. A full attendance of all the members is requested.

Among the names of the graduates at the 19th commencement of the Cleary Business College, Ypsilanti, to be held tomorrow evening, is that of Miss Lois D. Killam, of Chelsea.

The Feast of the Immaculate Conception of the Blessed Virgin will be observed at St. Mary's church, Monday, Dec. 8. The first mass will be celebrated at 6 a. m.; high mass at 9:30; rosary, sermon and benediction at 7:30 p. m.

An interesting entertainment was given Wednesday, Nov. 26, by the pupils of Herman L. Foster, teacher of District No. 4, Lima. The schoolroom was prettily decorated with flags, vegetables, fruits and nuts, and recitations, readings and songs by the children made an enjoyable program.

The annual Thanksgiving supper of St. Mary's parish Wednesday evening of last week was as usual with this event a great success both in point of attendance and in excellence of service. After the supper a short musical program was rendered. The net proceeds amounted to \$145.

Genesee county is naming the roads and signs are being put up at many places. It is a great convenience for the traveler unacquainted with the district. It is proposed to follow the old English system, where, at every cross-road, there is a sign showing the way the roads run and the distance to the nearest town or village.

John McLaughlin, Jr., died at the home of his aunt near Munith, Thursday, Nov. 27, of typhoid fever, aged 23 years. Interment was in the old St. Mary's cemetery in Sylvan, where his mother lies buried. Rev. W. P. Considine conducting the funeral services. His father, Hugh McLaughlin, two brothers and two sisters survive him.

The fruit and candy business which had been operated in Geo. P. Staffan's store by D. Ezar & Bro., for some months past, was moved out last week, the stock being sent to Duodee. The store is now being refitted and next week will be occupied by the Chelsea Dry Good and Shoe Co., which is composed of Louis Landsberg and Geo. A. Etsler, from Detroit.

The concert given by the Dick Thompson Jubilee Singers at the opera house Saturday evening under the auspices of the senior class of the high school was very slimly attended on account of the bad weather. The boys did not lose anything, however, having a couple of dollars to the good after paying their expenses. The concert was a good one.

Postmaster F. E. Priddy, of Adrian, started an automobile test Monday under the sanction of the government. The test is made to learn what can be done with the machines in winter weather on rural mail delivery. The run Monday was 24 miles, and made in three hours and two minutes, including all stops. We may yet see autos running on the mail routes out of Chelsea.

Prof. J. R. Sage, who is well known to those who attend pioneer meetings, on account of his singing of old time and national songs, celebrated his 82d birthday at his home in Ann Arbor Thanksgiving day. Mr. Sage is probably the oldest musician in Washtenaw county. He has taught music in Ann Arbor for 37 years and for 21 years elsewhere. He carries his years jauntily.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c per bottle. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

SLAUGHTER SALE

—OF—

CARRIAGES,

Harness, Horse Goods, Etc

Having bought the stock of goods of CHAS. STEINBACH, both at Chelsea and Dexter, consisting of

Top Buggies, Surreys, Platform Wagons

Double Team Harness,

Light Double Harness, Single Harness,

A few Second Hand Harness,

Full line of Strap Work, Robes, Blankets,

Trunks, Gloves and Mittens,

Sewing Machines, Musical Instruments,

Machine Oils,

Harness Oils, and a full stock of Greases.

This stock was bought at a reduction from its original cost and must be sold in order to realize on it.

TO MOVE IT QUICK

We have decided to give the people of this vicinity the benefit by offering them

Bargains on the Entire Line

Such as They Never Before Heard Of.

Call early before the assortment becomes broken, and make your selections. The business will be conducted at the old stand in the Steinbach block on West Middle street. We shall continue to do Repair and Custom Work, having a large stock of leather and supplies to work up. This will be a genuine reduction sale and will pay you to take advantage of.

W. J. KNAPP.

DR. W. C. WATSON, The Eminent Physician and Surgeon

Of Detroit, Mich., formerly of New York, will make regular monthly visits to the

CHELSEA HOUSE, Chelsea, Michigan, Monday, December 8.

LAKE HOUSE, Grass Lake, Michigan, Tuesday, December 9. ONE DAY.

He Cures After All Others Fail.

The most successful and scientific treatment of all diseases and weaknesses of mankind possible to obtain.

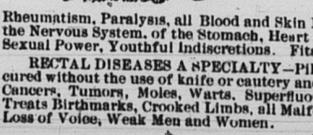
IMPORTANT TO LADIES—After years of experience, he is able to treat all female complications, and guarantee a cure in all curable cases.

CATARH AND LUNG DISEASES cured by the Russian Gases and Dry Air Treatment.

EXAMINATION BY REFLECTION, both by improved instruments and methods. Turn none away unaided. Consultation free.

WHAT WE TREAT.

Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Lungs, Liver, Kidney and all Genito-Urinary Diseases, Deafness, Gout, Varicose Veins, and Ulcers, the Nervous System, of the Stomach, Heart and Bowels, Freckles, Eczema, Syphilis, Diseases of Sexual Power, Youthful Indiscretions, Fits or Epilepsy cured.



RECTAL DISEASES A SPECIALTY—Piles, internal and external. Ulcerations and Fissures cured without the use of knife or cautery and with no detention from business. Also removes Cancers, Tumors, Moles, Warts, Superfluous Hair, Freckles, Fimples, Redness in the Face. Treats Birthmarks, Crooked Limbs, all Malformations of Body, Stammering or Stuttering and Loss of Voice, Weak Men and Women.

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MEATS

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in every respect.

We solicit your patronage. Chelsea Telephone.

J. G. ADRION

PERSONALS.

Miss Anna Miller spent Monday in Detroit.
 Michael Schanz, Jr., spent Saturday in Detroit.
 W. A. Boland was in Chelsea on business Tuesday afternoon.
 Mrs. A. A. Glover spent Thanksgiving day with friends in Ypsilanti.
 Miss Anna Crane, of Reading, spent last week with Miss Edith Boyd.
 Dr. Chas. Miller, of Augusta, spent Thanksgiving here with his parents.
 Miss Nellie McKernan is in Ypsilanti attending Cleary's Business College.
 Miss Blanche Powers, of Battle Creek, spent Thanksgiving with Miss Edith Boyd.
 Miss Ida Webb spent the Thanksgiving vacation with Milan and Ypsilanti friends.
 Miss Edith E. Shaw spent the Thanksgiving holidays with her parents in Ypsilanti.
 Mr and Mrs. Andrew Congdon, of Detroit, spent Thanksgiving here with relatives.
 Mrs. Eugenia M. Duke, of Ann Arbor, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Mingay for a few days.
 George Wade left for Buffalo Wednesday morning, where he has obtained a good position.
 Miss Kittle Pickett, of Ypsilanti, was the guest of Miss Florence Caster over Thanksgiving.
 Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Neufang, of Reading, spent the latter part of last week with relatives here.
 Miss Gladys Lasenby, of Mason, is the guest of Mrs. W. W. Gifford for a few days this week.
 Miss Verge Rowell, of Battle Creek, spent Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. Myron Lighthall.
 Julius V. Klein was home for a few days last week visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. C. Klein.
 The Misses Estella Weber and Rachel McKune returned to St. Joseph's academy, Adrian, yesterday.
 Dr. H. C. Wood, of Detroit, spent Thanksgiving with his parents Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Wood.
 The Misses Lena Foster and Rose Conway attended the Thanksgiving supper in Dexter last week.
 Mr. and Mrs. James Runciman, of Sylvan, entertained about twenty relatives and friends Thanksgiving day.
 Mr and Mrs. C. T. Conklin left Tuesday morning for Port Tampa City, Fla., where they will spend the winter.
 Miss Linna Runciman, of Ypsilanti, spent Thanksgiving with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Runciman, of Sylvan.
 Miss Lucy Dunn, of Detroit, and her cousin, Paul Brogan, of Pinckney, were guests at St. Mary's rectory last Tuesday.
 Howard and Joseph McDonough, of Howell, visited their cousin Frank C. Penn from Tuesday to Friday of last week.
 Saline Observer: Mrs. John Stiegelmaier, of Bridgewater, will move to Chelsea, where she will live with her son John.
 E. J. Foster and wife and Germaine Foster and wife, of Grass Lake, spent Thanksgiving here with their mother Mrs. M. Foster.
 Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Webster, of Florence, Ont., were the guests of their son J. Geo. Webster during the past week, returning home yesterday.
 Revs. J. E. Hunter and H. T. Crossley, the evangelists, were guests of Mr and Mrs. N. J. Jones and other Chelsea friends Saturday. They are at present conducting a series of evangelistic meetings in Jackson.
 Mrs. Arthur Stotenbur and daughters, Deborah and Kathleen, of Durand, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. Neuberger and other relatives and friends in Chelsea for two weeks, left for home last Monday.
 Great tonic, braces body and brain, drives away all impurities from your system. Makes you well. Keeps you well. Rocky Mountain Tea. 25 cents. Glazier & Stimson.

OLD NEWSPAPERS—Only 5 cents for a big package to put under carpets or on your pantry shelves, at the HERALD office.

PEOPLE'S WANTS.

BOY WANTED—To work at the Chelsea Creamery.
A FEW Silver Laced Wyandotte Roosters for sale. H. B. Muscott, Lima, Mich.
HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID for Rye, delivered at the bean house. J. P. Wood & Co., Chelsea. 71f
POCKETBOOK LOST—Between J. Hepler's on Park street and G. A. BeGole's on South Main street, Saturday afternoon, Nov. 22. Finder please return to Boyd's hotel and receive reward.
FOR CHOICE FRUIT TREES, ornamental trees and shrubs, farm seeds of all kinds, apple butter and apple jelly, boiled cider, leave orders with ALFRED KÄRROHER, Chelsea. Christmas trees a specialty. 18

POULTRY—The Wm. Bacon-Holmes Lumber, Grain & Coal Co. are paying 7 cents a pound for fowls and 9 cents a pound for chickens. Bring them your poultry.
J. W. ROBINSON, M. B., M. C.
P. & S. Ontario,
Physician and Surgeon.
 Successor to the late Dr. R. McColgan. Office and residence corner Main and Park streets, Chelsea, Mich. Phone No. 40.

S. G. BUSH,
Physician and Surgeon.
 Office hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.
 Office in Hatch block. Residence on South street.

H. W. SCHMIDT,
Physician and Surgeon.
 Specialties—Diseases of the nose, throat eye and ear.
 Office Hours—10 to 12 and 2 to 5. Office over Glazier & Stimson's drug store.

G. W. PALMER,
Physician and Surgeon.
 Office over Raftrey's Tailor Store, East Middle Street.

DENTISTRY.
 Having had 13 years' experience I am prepared to do all kinds of dental work in a careful and thorough manner, and as reasonable as first class work can be done. There is nothing known in the dental art but that we can do for you, and we have a local anesthetic for extracting that has no equal. Special attention given to children's teeth.
E. E. AVERY, Dentist.
 Office over Raftrey's Tailor Shop.

G. E. HATHAWAY,
Graduate in Dentistry.
 A satisfied patient is our best advertisement. That is our motto. Call and verify this statement.
 Office over Kempf Bank, Chelsea, Mich.

JOHN KALMBACH,
Attorney-at-Law.
 Real estate bought and sold. Loans effected. Office over Kempf Bank, Chelsea.

TURNBULL & WITHERELL,
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law.
 Office in the rooms formerly occupied by G. W. Turnbull, Chelsea, Mich.
 B. B. TURNBULL. H. D. WITHERELL.

PARKER & KALMBACH,
Real Estate Dealers.
 Money to Loan. Life and Fire Insurance. Office over Kempf Bank, Chelsea.

F. STAFFAN & SON,
Funeral Directors and Embalmers.
 Established 40 years. CHELSEA, MICH. Chelsea Phone No. 56.

GEO. EDER,
The Parlor Barber Shop.
 Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEORGE E. DAVIS,
Everybody's Auctioneer.
 Headquarters at THE CHELSEA HERALD office. Auction bills furnished free.

OLIVE LODGE, No. 156, F. & A. M.
Regular Meetings for 1902
 Jan. 31, Feb. 18, March 18, April 22, May 20, June 17, July 15, August 19, Sept. 16 and 30, Oct. 28, Nov. 11. Annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 9.
 THEO. E. WOOD, Secretary.

TIME TABLES.

D., Y., A. A. & J. RY

Taking effect July 6, 1902.

On and after this date cars will leave Jackson going east at 5:45 a. m., and every hour thereafter until 6:45 p. m.; then at 8:45 p. m. and 10:45 p. m.
 Leave Grass Lake 6:15 a. m. and every hour thereafter until 7:15 p. m.; then at 9:15 and 11:15 p. m.
 Leave Chelsea 6:30 a. m. and every hour thereafter until 7:30 p. m.; then at 9:30 and 11:30 p. m.
 Cars will leave Ann Arbor going west at 6:15 a. m. and every hour thereafter until 7:15 p. m.; then at 9:15 and 11:15 p. m.
 Leave Chelsea 6:50 a. m. and every hour thereafter until 7:50 p. m.; then at 9:50 and 11:50 p. m.
 Leave Grass Lake 7:15 a. m. and every hour thereafter until 8:15 p. m.; then at 10:15 p. m. and 12:15 midnight.
 On Saturdays and Sundays the two cars each way that are omitted during the evenings of the other days of the week will be run.
 On Sundays the first cars leave terminals one hour late.
 This company does not guarantee the arrival and departure of cars on schedule time and reserves the right to change the time of any car without notice.
 Cars will meet at Grass Lake and at No. 2 siding.
 Cars will run on Standard time.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect Nov. 23, 1902

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea station as follows:

GOING EAST.
 No 8—Detroit Night Express... 5:54 A.M.
 No 36—Atlantic Express... 7:15 A.M.
 No 12—Grand Rapids Express... 10:40 A.M.
 No 2—Mail and Express... 8:15 P.M.
GOING WEST.
 No 11—Michigan & Chicago Ex. 8:00 A.M.
 No 5—Mail and Express... 8:35 A.M.
 No 13—Grand Rapids Express... 6:30 P.M.
 No 37—Pacific Express... 11:53 P.M.
 Nos. 11 and 37 stop only to let passengers on or off.
 E. A. WILLIAMS, Agent, Chelsea.
 O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

RAND-MENALLY OFFICIAL RAILWAY GUIDE 25 CENTS 166 ADAMS ST. CHICAGO.

25,000 NEW WORDS

are added in the last edition of Webster's International Dictionary. The International is kept always abreast of the times. It takes constant work, expensive work and worry, but it is the only way to keep the dictionary the

STANDARD AUTHORITY

of the English-speaking world. Other dictionaries follow. Webster leads. It is the favorite with Judges, Scholars, Educators, Printers, etc., in this and foreign countries. A postal card will bring you interesting specimen pages, etc.

G. & C. MERRIAM COMPANY
 SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
 PUBLISHERS OF
WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY.

CHELSEA CAMP, No. 7338,

Modern Woodmen of America,
 Meets the first Saturday and third Monday evenings of each month at their hall in the Staffan block.

H. S. Holmes, pres. C. H. Kempf, vice pres J. A. Palmer, cash'r. Geo. A. BeGole, asst cash'r. —No. 203.—
THE KEMPF COMMERCIAL AND SAVINGS BANK,
 CAPITAL, \$40,000.
 Commercial and Savings Departments. Money to loan on first class security.
 Directors: Reuben Kempf, H. S. Holmes, C. H. Kempf, R. S. Armstrong, C. Klein, E. Vogel, Geo. A. BeGole.

More Dinner

Delicious WE SELL THEM.
 Baltimore Oysters

Dinner

any good things we can't

er Dinner

amous Standard brand and Java Coffee, 25c per

io Coffee, 11c per pound.

Rio Coffee, 15c per pound.

Blended Coffee, better than

grades, 20c per pound.

ids Brown Sugar for \$1.00.

ids New California Prunes

ids Best Rolled Oats for 25c.

Laundry Soap for 25c.

New Orleans Baking Mo-

5c per gallon.

itron, Orange and Lemon

5c per pound.

ids Choice Evaporated Apri-

5c.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

OF

The Chelsea Savings Bank,

AT CHELSEA, MICH.,

At the close of business, Nov. 25, 1902, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	\$126 277 93
Bonds, mortgages and securities	214 702 02
Overdrafts	1 027 12
Banking house	4 000 00
Furniture and fixtures	2 478 41
Due from banks in reserve cities	\$34 578 78
Exchanges for clearing house	5 680 34
U. S. and National bank currency	7 778 00
Gold coin	8 440 00
Silver coin	1 826 00
Nickels and cents	841 49
Checks, cash items, internal revenue account	187 85
Total	\$416 792 93

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	\$ 40 000 00
Surplus fund	12 000 00
Undivided profits, net	10 974 19
Dividends unpaid	56 09
Commercial deposits	\$84 656 99
Certificates of deposit	57 951 79
Savings deposits	79 815 47
Savings certificates	111 838 49
Total	\$416 792 93

State of Michigan, County of Wash-

taw, ss.

I, Theo. E. Wood, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

THEO. E. WOOD, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of Nov., 1902.

B. B. TURNBULL, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: F. P. GLAZIER, W. J. KNAPP, W. P. SCHENK, Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

AT CHELSEA, MICH.,

At the close of business, Nov. 25, 1902, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	\$ 57 845 53
Bonds, mortgages and securities	248 708 95
Premiums paid on bonds	948 75
Overdrafts	2 290 67
Banking house	7 500 00
Furniture and fixtures	1 875 00
Due from other banks and bankers	13 700 00
U. S. bonds	\$ 5 560 00
Due from banks in reserve cities	40 986 69
U. S. and National bank currency	6 407 00
Gold coin	7 123 50
Silver coin	1 841 00
Nickels and cents	93 10
Checks, cash items, internal revenue account	383 73
Total	\$393 477 92

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	\$ 40 000 00
Surplus	4 500 00
Undivided profits, net	7 002 04
Dividends unpaid	\$
Commercial deposits	49 681 52
Certificates of deposit	15 512 25
Savings deposits	253 805 61
Savings certificates	22 976 50
Total	\$393 477 92

State of Michigan, County of Wash-

taw, ss.

I, J. A. Palmer, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. A. PALMER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of Nov., 1902.

GEO. A. BEGOLE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: H. S. HOLMES, EDWARD VOGEL, C. H. KEMPF, Directors.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Beware of Counterfeits. Refuse all Substitutes.



Safe. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutes and imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Belief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists.

CHECHESTER CHEMICAL CO.
 2100 Madison Square, PHILA., PA.
 Mention this paper.

HEADACHE

DR. MILES' ANTI-Pain Pills.

At all drug stores. 25 Doses 25c.

eedman's.

6911-12-374.
 Witherell, Attys., Chelsea, Mich.
 MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASH-
 ss. At a session of the Probate
 and County of Washtenaw, held at
 Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on
 1st day of December, in the year one
 hundred and two.
 Willis L. Watkins, Judge of Probate,
 of the Estate of Frederick
 used,
 and filing the petition of Edward
 of the heirs at law of said de-
 ceased, praying this court to
 verify, praying this court to
 last will and testament of said
 deceased, that the 30th day of December
 o'clock in the forenoon, at said
 place, be appointed for construing
 said testament.
 Further ordered, that a copy of this
 order be filed three successive weeks pre-
 vious time of hearing, in the Chelsea
 newspaper printed and circulating in
 of Washtenaw.
 WILLIS L. WATKINS,
 Judge of Probate.
 J. GREGOR, Register.

ed that the 30th day of December
 o'clock in the forenoon, at said
 place, be appointed for construing
 said testament.
 Further ordered, that a copy of this
 order be filed three successive weeks pre-
 vious time of hearing, in the Chelsea
 newspaper printed and circulating in
 of Washtenaw.
 WILLIS L. WATKINS,
 Judge of Probate.
 J. GREGOR, Register.

EDFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT THE GREAT COLICALLY MEDICINE

Edford's Black-Draught has doctors' bills for more than years. For the common fam-entations, such as constipation, stion, hard colds, bowel com- chills and fever, bilious-headaches and other like ills no other medicine is y. It invigorates and reg- the liver, assists digestion, ste action of the kidneys, s the blood, and purges the of foul accumulations. It iver complaint, indigestion, stomach, dizziness, chills, tic pains, sideache, back- idney troubles, constipation, ea, biliousness, piles, hard nd headache. Every drug- s Thedford's Black-Draught ent packages and in mam- ize for \$1.00. Never accept itute. Insist on having the l made by the Chattanooga ne Company.

love Thedford's Black-Draught best medicine on earth. It is r any and everything. I have y of twelve children, and for ars I have kept them on foot and healthy with no doctor but Black-Draught. A. J. GREEN, Ilwaco, La.

Pills." They work wonders in stomach and liver troubles. Cure constipation, sick headache. 25c at Glazier & Stimson's drug store.

COME, LOOK AND BUY.

Have You Bought Your Winter Underwear Yet?

We have it, of all sorts and sizes and some very special values.

We are offering one lot of Women's Cotton extra heavy silky fleeced jersey Vests and Pants, all sizes..... **25c a garment**
 Women's extra heavy all wool Vests and Pants, \$1.50 value..... **Now \$1.00**
 Children's very heavy and soft Fleeced Underwear, all sizes..... **25c a garment**
 Men's soft heavy fleeced Shirts and Drawers. **50c a garment**

BIG LOT OF

Women's Flannel Waists

New Styles, at \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 each.

FOR CHRISTMAS.

Newest designs in White Mercerized Waistings, just received, 50c and 75c a yard.
 New White Wool Waistings.
 New Trimmings for these Waistings.
 New Black Goods for Skirts.
 New Spachtel pieces for dressers, commodes and tables.

New Cloaks and Furs

RECEIVED EVERY DAY.

If you want to see the newest styles in Cloaks we can show them to you.

Special Sale of a big lot of Women's Odd Cloaks at \$1.50, \$2.50 and \$5.00.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

MEN'S SHOES

One Pair, - - - - - 60 cents
 For the cheapest.
 One Pair, - - - - - \$3.00
 For the best.

A clean, up-to-date stock to select from. Save money by buying your Shoes from

FARRELL.

We have no old truck to get rid of.

A. E. WINANS

is showing a choice line of goods for

Christmas Presents.

Watches, Chains and Charms.
 A large and complete selection of Emblem Pins and Buttons.

Ring Bargains

again this year. From 30 to 70 per cent less than the usual prices.
 All Solid Gold Rings, both Sets and Plain Bands.
 We do not sell Filled Rings and have not one in stock. We keep nothing but good goods and sell them cheap. Everything sold guaranteed to give satisfaction.
 Spectacles and Eye Glasses of all kinds.
 Clocks to suit all purses and tastes.

COME, LOOK AND BUY.

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST.

The Baptist fair held recently netted the church \$100.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. C. Bauer, Wednesday, Nov. 26, a daughter.

There is talk of a county farmers' institute being held in Chelsea some time in February next.

The regular meeting of Olive Chapter, O. E. S., will be held next Wednesday evening, Dec. 10.

One of the Redemptorist Fathers from Detroit will officiate in St. Mary's church on Sunday, Dec. 21.

An infant daughter, named Zita Esther, was born to Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Hoeffer on Thanksgiving morning.

A number of the young people of Chelsea attended the banquet given by the ladies of St. Joseph's church at Dexter last Thursday evening.

A large number of prominent laymen, headed by Hon. James S. Gorman, called on Bishop Foley at St. Mary's rectory last Sunday, and were cordially received.

The topic for discussion by the Men's Club of the Congregational church next Sunday is "Ought Chelsea to have a public library?" M. A. Lowry will read the opening paper.

John, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stapish, of Lyndon, died Sunday, having lived but a few hours. The funeral was held Monday from St. Mary's church with interment in Mt. Olivet cemetery.

Miss Edith Boyd entertained a company of 30 young people at her home on South Main street, Wednesday evening of last week, in honor of her guest Miss Anna Crane. Progressive pedro was played and dainty refreshments were served. The head prize was won by Miss Clara Snyder and the consolation prize by Doris Rogers.

Two oil paintings, the work of Miss Alice Gorman, have been placed in St. Mary's church, Chelsea. One near the Sacred Heart altar, represents the Good Shepherd, and the other, near the altar of St. Joseph, represents the Purification of the Blessed Virgin. A fine crucifix adorns the high altar. It was given by a member of the Young Ladies' Sodality.

Alfred Ward, formerly of Sylvan, died in Jackson Sunday, aged 44 years. His wife, one child and his mother Mrs. Chas. Kellogg, of Sylvan, survive him. He was a nephew of Ed. A. Ward, of Sylvan, and of Eli Ward, of Jackson. The funeral services were held at the Sylvan M. E. church yesterday afternoon and the remains were buried in the cemetery at that place.

On Thursday afternoon, Nov. 27, at the home of the bride's sister Mrs. M. Guilfoill, in Jackson, Mr. William C. Tarbell, of Chelsea, was married to Miss Josephine Mangus, by Rev. J. Gulick, of Kinderhook. Mr. Tarbell is a brother of Mrs. W. R. Lehman and is employed in the stove works. The young people have gone to housekeeping at the corner of South and Grant streets.

Rt. Rev. Bishop Foley visited St. Mary's parish Sunday and officiated at both the morning and evening services. In the morning he assisted Rev. W. P. Conditine in the celebration of high mass and preached a fine sermon on "Christian Education." In the afternoon at 4 o'clock vespers were sung. This was followed by the blessing of the beautiful new statue of the Virgin Mary by the bishop. He also preached a brief but earnest sermon and gave the Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament. Large congregations were present at both services.

Thursday evening, Nov. 27, at 6 o'clock, at the home of the bride's parents Mr. and Mrs. Gottlob Hieber, of Dexter, Mr. Carl Bagge was united in marriage with Miss Louise C. Hieber, in the presence of a large company of relatives and friends. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. Schöen, pastor of St. Paul's Evangelical church, Chelsea. It was followed by a bountiful wedding supper. The young couple were handsomely remembered by their many friends. They went at once to housekeeping in part of Mrs. F. Vogel's house on Orchard street, where everything was in readiness for them.

Money For You.

Do you want to sell a mortgage or a note, sell or buy a farm, loan money on good security, build a house and pay for it on the installment plan, do you want an administrator or guardian, or your estate closed up in the shortest possible time with the least possible expense? If so, call on **KALMBACH & PARKER.**
 Office over Kempf bank.

Falls a Deadly Attack.

"My wife was so ill that good physicians were unable to help her," writes M. M. Austin, of Winchester, Ind., "but was completely cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills." They work wonders in stomach and liver troubles. Cure constipation, sick headache. 25c at Glazier & Stinson's drug store.

Before Dinner

Curtice Bros.' Delicious } WE
 Soups, } SELL
 Fresh Baltimore Oysters } THEM.

At Dinner

So many good things we can't name them.

After Dinner

Our famous Standard brand Mocha and Java Coffee, 25c per pound.

Good Rio Coffee, 11c per pound.
 Golden Rio Coffee, 15c per pound.

Fancy Blended Coffee, better than some 25c grades, 20c per pound.

23 pounds Brown Sugar for \$1.00.
 7 pounds New California Prunes for 25c.

7 pounds Best Rolled Oats for 25c.
 13 bars Laundry Soap for 25c.

Choice New Orleans Baking Molasses at 25c per gallon.

New Citron, Orange and Lemon Peel at 25c per pound.

2 pounds Choice Evaporated Apples for 25c.

Pillsbury's Flour at \$2.25 for 100 pounds.

New Buckwheat Flour at \$2.75 per 100 in 100 pound bags.

S. & S. brand Sugar Cured Picnic Hams at 10c per pound.

New Mixed Nuts, best, 20c per pound; seconds, 15c per pound.

Finest Full Cream Elsie Cheese at 16c per pound.

Freeman's.

5941-12-374.
 Tara Bull & Witherell, Attys., Chelsea, Mich.
 STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASH- TENAW, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 2nd day of December, in the year one thousand nine hundred and two.
 Present, Willis L. Watkins, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Frederick Vogel, deceased.
 On reading and filing the petition of Edward Vogel, one of the heirs at law of said deceased, duly verified, praying this court to construe the last will and testament of said deceased.
 It is ordered that the 30th day of December next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be appointed for construing said last will and testament.
 And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Washtenaw.
 WILLIS L. WATKINS, Judge of Probate.
 [A true copy.] JAMES E. MCGREGOR, Register. 19

THE FORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT THE GREAT FAMILY MEDICINE

Theford's Black-Draught has saved doctors' bills for more than sixty years. For the common family ailments, such as constipation, indigestion, hard colds, bowel complaints, chills and fever, biliousness, headaches and other like complaints no other medicine is necessary. It invigorates and regulates the liver, assists digestion, stimulates action of the kidneys, purifies the blood, and purges the bowels of foul accumulations. It cures liver complaint, indigestion, sour stomach, dizziness, chills, rheumatic pains, sideache, backache, kidney troubles, constipation, diarrhoea, biliousness, piles, hard colds and headache. Every drug-gist has Theford's Black-Draught in 25 cent packages and in mammoth size for \$1.00. Never accept a substitute. Insist on having the original made by the Chattanooga Medicine Company.

I believe Theford's Black-Draught is the best medicine on earth. It is good for any and everything. I have a family of twelve children, and for four years I have kept them on foot and healthy with no doctor but Black-Draught. A. J. GREEN, Ilwaco, La.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Chelsea Savings Bank,

AT CHELSEA, MICH.,
 At the close of business, Nov. 25, 1902, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts.....	\$186 277 92
Bonds, mortgages and securi- ties.....	214 702 02
Overdrafts.....	1 027 12
Banking house.....	4 000 00
Furniture and fixtures.....	2 478 41
Due from banks in reserve cities....	\$34 578 78
Exchanges for clearing house..	5 660 84
U. S. and National bank currency..	7 778 00
Gold coin.....	8 440 00
Silver coin.....	1 828 00
Nickels and cents	341 49
Checks, cash items, internal revenue account.....	187 85
Total.....	\$416 792 93

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in.....	\$ 40 000 00
Surplus fund.....	12 000 00
Undivided profits, net.....	10 974 19
Dividends unpaid.....	56 09
Commercial depos- its.....	\$84 656 99
Certificates of de- posit.....	57 951 79
Savings deposits..	79 815 47
Savings certificates	111 838 49
Total.....	\$416 792 93

State of Michigan, County of Wash- tenaw, ss.

I, Theo. E. Wood, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

THEO. E. WOOD, Cashier.
 Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of Nov., 1902.

B. B. TURNBULL, Notary Public.
 Correct—Attest: } F. P. GLAZIER,
 } W. J. KNAPP,
 } W. P. SCHENK, Directors.

W. J. Knapp, John W. Schenk,
 G. W. Palmer, Adam Eppler,
 Wm. P. Schenk, Fred Wettemeyer,
 V. D. Hindelang, F. P. Glazier.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

AT CHELSEA, MICH.,
 At the close of business, Nov. 25, 1902, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts.....	\$ 57 845 53
Bonds, mortgages and securi- ties.....	248 708 95
Premiums paid on bonds.....	848 75
Overdrafts.....	2 280 67
Banking house.....	7 500 00
Furniture and fixtures.....	1 875 00
Due from other banks and bankers.....	18 700 00
U. S. bonds.....	\$ 5 500 00
Due from banks in reserve cities ...	40 986 69
U. S. and National bank currency...	6 407 00
Gold coin.....	7 122 50
Silver coin.....	1 341 00
Nickels and cents..	93 10
Checks, cash items, internal revenue account.....	338 73
Total.....	\$393 477 92

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in.....	\$ 40 000 00
Surplus	4 500 00
Undivided profits, net.....	7 002 04
Dividends unpaid..	\$
Commercial depos- its.....	49 681 52
Certificates of depo- sit.....	15 512 25
Savings deposits..	258 805 61
Savings certificates	22 976 50
Total.....	\$393 477 92

State of Michigan, County of Wash- tenaw, ss.

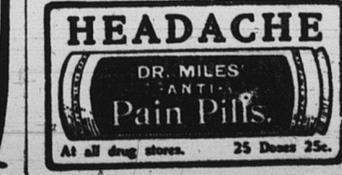
I, J. A. Palmer, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. A. PALMER, Cashier.
 Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of Nov., 1902.

GEO. A. BEGOLE, Notary Public.
 Correct—Attest: } H. S. HOLMES,
 } EDWARD VOGEL,
 } C. H. KEMPF, Directors.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Beware of Counterfeits. Refuse all Substitutes.
 Safe. Always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitu- tions and imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testi- monials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists.
 CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO., 2100 Madison Square, PHILA., PA.
 Mention this paper.



ROOSEVELT'S MESSAGE.

His Second Annual Communication to Congress.

HIS VIEWS ON THE TRUSTS AND TARIFF

A Lowering of Import Duties Would Not Remedy Evils of Monopoly—Labor Unions and the Corporations—Many Recommendations.

To the Senate and House of Representatives: We still continue in a period of unbounded prosperity. This prosperity is not the result of law, but of the conditions which made it possible, and by wise legislation it would be easy enough to destroy. There will undoubtedly be periods of depression. We have no reason to expect a continent flanked by two great oceans. It is composed of men the descendants of pioneers, or in a sense, pioneers themselves, of men winnowed out from among the nations of the old world by the energy, boldness, and the spirit of adventure in their own eager hearts. Such a nation placed, will surely wrest success from fortune.

Concerning the Trusts.

In my message to the present congress at its first session I discussed at length the question of the regulation of those big corporations commonly doing an interstate business, often with some tendency to monopoly, which are popularly known as trusts. The experience of the past year has emphasized, in my opinion, the desirability of the steps I then proposed. A fundamental requisite of social efficiency is a high standard of individual energy. This is not inconsistent with the right of society to regulate the exercise of the artificial powers which it confers upon the owners of property, under the name of corporate franchises, in such a way as to prevent the misuse of these powers. Corporations, and especially combinations of corporations, should be managed under public supervision. Experience has shown that under our system of government the necessary supervision cannot be obtained by state action. Our aim is not to do away with corporations, or to subordinate these big aggregations to an inevitable development of modern industrialism, and the effort to destroy them would be futile unless accomplished in ways that would work the utmost mischief to the entire body politic. We can do nothing of good in the way of regulating and supervising these corporations until we fix clearly in our minds that we are not attacking the corporations, but endeavoring to do away with any evil in them. We are not hostile to them; we are merely endeavoring to prevent the public good. We draw the line against misconduct, not against wealth. The capitalist who, alone or in conjunction with his fellows, performs some great industrial feat by which he wins great money is a well-to-do man, provided only he works in proper and legitimate lines. We wish to favor such a man when he does well. We wish to supervise and control his actions only to prevent him from doing ill. Publicity can do no harm to a honest corporation, and we need not be over-zealous about sparing the dishonest corporation.

Must Exercise Care.

In curbing and regulating the combinations of capital which may become injurious to the public we must be careful not to stop the great enterprises which have legitimately reduced the cost of production, not to abandon the place which our country has won in the leadership of the industrial world, not to strike down wealth with the result of closing factories and mines, of turning the wage-worker idle in the streets and leaving the farmer without a market for what he grows. Insistence upon the impossible means delay in achieving the possible, exactly as, on the other hand, the stubborn defense alike of what is good and what is bad in the existing system, the resolute effort to obstruct any attempt at betterment, betrays blindness to the historic truth that revolution is the sure safeguard against stagnation.

No more important subject can come before the congress than this of the regulation of interstate business. This country cannot afford to sit supine on the plea that under our peculiar system of government we are free to do as we please. The new conditions, and unable to grapple with them, or to cut out whatever of evil has arisen in connection with them. The power of the congress to regulate interstate commerce is an absolute and unqualified grant, and without limitation, that those prescribed by the constitution. The congress has constitutional authority to execute all laws necessary and proper for carrying out this power, and I am satisfied that this power has not been exhausted by any legislation of the statute books. It is evident, therefore, that the restrictive of commercial freedom entailing restraint upon national power of the congress, and that a wise and reasonable law would be a necessary and proper exercise of congressional authority to the end that such evils should be eradicated.

I believe that monopolies, unjust discriminations, which prevent or cripple competition, fraudulent overcapitalization, and other evils in trust organizations and practices which injuriously affect interstate trade can be prevented under the power of the congress to "regulate commerce with foreign nations and among the several states" through regulations and requirements operating directly upon such commerce, and the removal of such evils, and those engaged therein.

I earnestly recommend this subject to the consideration of the congress with a view to the passage of a law reasonable in its provisions and effective in its operations, upon which the questions can be finally adjudicated that now remain unsettled. If it prove impossible to accomplish the purposes above set forth by such a law, amending the constitution so as to secure beyond peradventure the power sought.

The Tariff Question.

One proposition advocated has been the reduction of the tariff as a means of reaching the evils of the trusts which fall within the category of trusts. This is not merely would this be wholly ineffective, but the diversion of our efforts in such a direction would mean the abandonment of the intelligent attempt to do away with these evils. Many of the largest corporations, many of those which should certainly be included in any proper scheme of regulation, would not be affected in the slightest degree by a change in the tariff, save as such change interfered with the general prosperity of the country. The only relation of the tariff to big corporations as a whole is that the tariff makes manufactures profitable, and the tariff remedy proposed would be in effect simply to make manufactures unprofitable. To remove the tariff as a punitive measure directed against trusts would inevitably re-

turn to ruin a like weaker competitors who are struggling against them. Our aim should be not by wise tariff changes to give foreign products the advantage over domestic products, but by proper regulation to give domestic competitors a fair chance; and this end cannot be reached by any tariff changes which would affect unfavorably all domestic competitors, good and bad alike. The question of regulation of the trusts is apart from the question of tariff revision.

Stability of economic policy must always be the prime economic need of this country. This stability should not be fossilization. The country has acquired in the wisdom of the tariff principle. It is exceedingly undesirable that this system should be destroyed or that there should be violent and radical changes therein. Our past experience shows that great prosperity in this country has always come under a protective tariff, and that the country cannot prosper under a tariff which is not at short intervals. Moreover, if the tariff laws as a whole work well, and if business has prospered under them and is prospering, it is better to endure for a time slight inequalities in some lines of business than to upset business by too quick and too radical changes. It is most earnestly to be wished that we could treat the tariff from the standpoint solely of our business needs. It is, perhaps, too much to hope that parliamentarism will be entirely excluded from consideration of the subject, but at least it can be made secondary to the business interests of the country—that is, to the interests of our people as a whole. Unquestionably these business interests will be served if together with a fixed principle as regards the tariff we combine a system which will permit us from time to time to make the necessary reapportionment of the principle to the shifting nature of needs. We must take scrupulous care that the reapportionment shall be made in such a way that it will not amount to a dislocation of our system, or to the threat of which (not to speak of the performance) would produce paralysis in the business energies of the community. The would, of course, be to preserve the principle which underlies our tariff system—that is, the principle of putting American business interests at least on a full equality with interests abroad, and of always allowing a sufficient rate of duty to labor cost here and abroad, and to the holder of the tiller of the soil, should be treated as an essential in shaping our whole economic policy. There must never be any change which would jeopardize the standard of comfort, the standard of wages of the American wage-worker.

One way in which the readjustment sought can be reached is by reciprocity treaties. It is greatly to be desired that such treaties may be adopted. They can give a greater field for our producers on the one hand, and to the other to secure in practical shape the lowering of duties when they are no longer a protection among our own people. The minimum of damage done may be disregarded for the sake of the maximum of benefit accomplished. If it prove impossible to accomplish the pending treaties, and if there seem to be no warrant for the endeavor to treaties so far as they can be ratified, then the same end—to secure reciprocity—should be met by direct legislation.

Need of a Tariff Commission.

Wherever the tariff conditions are such that a needed change cannot with advantage be made by the application of the reciprocity idea, then it can be made outright. A lowering of duties on a given product, if possible, such change should be made only after the fullest consideration by practical experts, and should approach the subject from a business standpoint, having in view both the mercantile interests affected and the commercial well-being of the people as a whole. The machinery for providing such a careful investigation can be supplied. The executive department be ready at its disposal methods of collecting facts and figures; and if the congress desires additional consideration to its own committees, a commission of business experts can be appointed whose duty it should be to recommend action by the congress after a deliberate and scientific examination of the various schedules as they are affected by the changes and changing conditions. The commission would show how changes should be made in the various schedules, and how far these changes could go without also changing the great prosperity which this country is now enjoying, or upsetting its fixed economic policy.

The cases in which the tariff can produce a monopoly are so few as to constitute an inconsiderable factor in the question; but of course if in any case it does promote a monopoly which works ill, no protectionist would object to such reduction of the duty as would equalize competition.

In my judgment, the tariff on anthracite coal should be removed, and anthracite, on the other hand, it now is nominally, no effect at all. This would have no effect at all save in crises; but in crises it might be of service to the people.

Labor Unions and Corporations.

How to secure fair treatment alike for labor and for capital, how to hold in check the unscrupulous man, whether employer or employee, without weakening individual initiative, without hampering and cramping the industrial development of the country, is a problem fraught with great difficulties and one which it is of the highest importance to solve on lines as well as of far-sighted common sense as an era of federation and combination. Exactly as business men find they often work through corporations, and as it is a constant tendency of these corporations to grow larger, so it is often necessary for laboring men to work in federations, and these have become important factors of modern industrial life. Both kinds of federation, capitalistic and labor, can do much good, and as a necessary corollary they can both do evil. Opposition to each kind of organization whatever is bad in the conduct of any given corporation or union—not the union or corporation as such nor upon unions as such; for some of the most far-reaching beneficial work for our people has been accomplished through both corporations and unions. Every interference with the rights of others. Organized capital and organized labor alike should remember that in the long run the interest of each must be brought into harmony with the interest of the general public; and the conduct of each must conform to the fundamental rules of obedience to the law, of individual freedom, and of justice and fair dealing toward all. Each should remember that in addition to power it must strive after the realization of healthy, lofty and generous ideals. Every employer, every wage worker, must be guaranteed every liberty and his right to do as he likes with his property or his labor so long as he does not infringe upon the rights of others. It is of the highest importance that employer and employee alike should endeavor to appreciate each other's viewpoint of the other and the sure disaster that will come upon both in the event that either grows to take as habitual an attitude of hostility and distrust toward the other. People desire better of the country, people desire to stand by the side of a good workingman and upon broad and kind sympathy between employers and employees. Above all, we need to remember that any kind of class animosity in the political world is more destructive to national welfare, than sectional, race or religious animosity. We can get good government only on condition that we keep true to the principles upon which this nation was founded, and judge each man not as a

part of a class, but upon his individual merits. All that we have a right to ask of any man, rich or poor, whatever his creed, his occupation, his birthplace, or his residence, is that he shall act well and honorably by his neighbor and by his country. We have no right to ask of the rich man as such nor for the poor man as such; we are for the upright man, rich or poor. So far as the constitutional powers of the national government touch these matters of general and vital moment to the nation, they should be kept in conformity with the principles above set forth.

Recommendations Department of Commerce.

It is earnestly hoped that a secretary of commerce may be created, with a seat in the cabinet. The rapid multiplication of questions affecting labor and capital, the growth and complexity of the organizations through which labor and capital now find expression, the steady tendency toward the employment of capital in huge corporations, and the wonderful strides of this country toward leadership in the international business world justify an urgent demand for the creation of such a position. Substantially all the leading commercial bodies in this country have united in requesting its creation. It is desirable that some such measure as that which has already passed the senate be enacted into law. The creation of such a department would in itself be an advance toward dealing with and exercising supervision over the whole subject of the great corporations doing an interstate business; and with this end in view, the congress should endow the department with large powers, which could be increased as experience might show the need.

Asks for Cuban Reciprocity.

I hope soon to submit to the senate a reciprocity treaty with Cuba. On May 26 last the United States kept its promise to the island by formally vacating Cuban soil and turning Cuba over to those whom her own people had chosen as the first officials of her government.

Cuba lies at our doors, and whatever affects her for good or for ill affects us also. So much have our people felt this that in the Platt amendment we definitely took the ground that Cuba must hereafter have closer political relations with us than with any other power. Thus, Cuba has become a part of our international political system. This makes it necessary that in return she should be given some of the benefits of becoming part of our economic system. It is, from our own standpoint, short-sighted and unwise policy to fail to recognize this need. Moreover, it is unworthy of a mighty and generous nation, itself the greatest and most successful republic in history, to refuse to stretch out a helping hand to a young and weak republic just entering upon its career of independence. We should always fearlessly insist upon our rights in the face of the strong, and we should with ungrudging hand do our generous duty by the weak. I urge the adoption of reciprocity with Cuba, not only because it is eminently in our own interest, but because the Cuban market and by every means to foster our supremacy in the tropical lands and waters south of us, but also because we, of the giant republic of the north, should make to our sister nations of the American continent feel that wherever they will permit us we desire to show our warm interest and effectively their friend.

International Arbitration.

As civilization grows warfare becomes less and less the normal condition of foreign relations. The last century has seen a marked diminution of wars between civilized powers; wars with uncivilized powers are largely mere matters of the welfare of the world. Wherever possible, arbitration or some similar method should be employed in lieu of war to settle difficulties between civilized nations, although as yet the world has not progressed sufficiently to render it possible, or necessary, to invoke arbitration in every case. The Hague conference at the international tribunal which sits at The Hague is an event of good omen from which great consequences for the welfare of all mankind may flow. It is far more desirable, where possible, to invoke such a permanent tribunal than to create special arbitrators for each and every case. It is a matter of sincere congratulation to our country that the United States and Mexico should have been the first to take advantage of this opportunity. The satisfactory results of the conference claim at issue between us and our sister republic. It is earnestly to be hoped that this first case will serve as a precedent for others, in which not only the United States, but foreign nations may take advantage of the machinery already in existence at The Hague.

The Panama Canal.

The congress has wisely provided that we shall build our own canal, if possible at Panama. The attorney general reports that we can undoubtedly acquire good title from the French Panama Canal company. Negotiations are now pending with Colombia to secure her assent to our building a canal. This canal will be one of the greatest engineering feats of the twentieth century; a greater engineering feat than has yet been accomplished during the history of mankind. The work should be carried out as a continuing policy without regard to change of administration, and it should be under circumstances which will make it a matter of pride for all administrations to continue the policy.

The canal will be of great benefit to America and of importance to all the world. It will be of advantage to us industrially, and also as improving our military position. It will be of advantage to the countries of tropical America. It is earnestly to be hoped that all of these countries will do as some of them have already done with significant results, and will invite to their shores American capital and labor. The order and the prerequisites of successful development. No independent nation in America need have the slightest fear of aggression from the United States. It behooves each nation to maintain order within its own borders and to discharge its just obligations to foreigners. When this is done, they can rest assured that, be they strong or weak, they have nothing to dread the increasing interdependence and complexity of international political and economic relations render it incumbent on all civilized and orderly powers to insist on the proper policing of the world.

The Pacific Cable.

During the fall of 1901 a communication was addressed to the secretary of state, asking whether permission would be granted by the president to a corporation to lay a cable from a point on the California coast to the Philippine Islands by way of Hawaii. A statement of conditions or terms upon which such a corporation would undertake to lay and operate a cable was volunteered.

In consequence of this solicitation the cable company, in certain conditions were formulated, upon which the president was willing to allow access to these soundings and to consent to the laying and laying of the cable, subject to any alterations or additions thereto imposed by the congress. This was deemed proper connection of some kind with a cable foreign country, was a part of the company's plan. This course was, moreover, in accordance with a line of precedents, including the first French cable, explained in the message of the president Grant in the December, 1875, and the instant message of the president Roosevelt in the message of the second French cable, occurring from Brest to St. Pierre, with a branch to Honolulu.

These conditions prescribed, among other things, a maximum rate for commercial messages and that the company should construct a line from the Philippines to Manila, there being a British line from Manila to Hong-Kong.

Progress in the Philippines.

On July 4 last, on the one hundred and twenty-sixth anniversary of the declaration of independence, peace and amity were proclaimed in the Philippine Islands. Some trouble has since

from time to time threatened with the Mohammedan Moros, but with the late insurrectionary Filipinos the war has entirely ceased. Civil government is now being introduced. Not only each Filipino enjoys such rights to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness as he has never before known during the recorded history of the islands, but the people taken as a whole now enjoy a freedom and security of person and property that granted to any other oriental by any foreign power and greater than that enjoyed by any other orientals under their own governments, save the Japanese alone. We have not gone too far in granting these rights of liberty and self-government; but we have certainly gone to the limit that in the interests of the Philippine people themselves it was wise or just to go. To hurry matters, to go faster than we are now going, would entail calamity on the people of the islands, and the police would be unable to maintain order. The American people has vindicated itself in more signal manner than the policy of holding the Philippines. The triumph of our arms, above all the triumph of our laws and principles has been more than we had any right to expect. Too much has been given to the army for what it has done in the Philippines, both in warfare and from an administrative standpoint in preparing the way for civil government; and similar credit belongs to the civil authorities for the way in which they have planted the seeds of self-government in the ground thus made ready for them. The courage, the unflinching endurance, the high soldierly efficiency and the general kind-heartedness and humanity of our troops have been strikingly manifested. There now remain only some 15,000 troops in the islands. All told, over 100,000 have been sent there. Of course, there have been individual instances of wrongdoing among them. They have varied from fearful difficulties of climate and surroundings, and under the strain of the terrible provocations which they continually receive from their foes, occasional instances of cruel retaliation occurred. Every effort has been made to prevent such cruelties, and finally these have been completely successful. Every effort has also been made to detect and punish the wrongdoers. After making all allowance for these misdeeds, it remains true that few indeed have been the instances in which wronging has been done by a civilized power against semi-civilized and barbarous forces where there has been a little wrongdoing by the victors as in the Philippine Islands. On the other hand, the amount of difficult, important, and beneficent work which has been done is well-nigh incalculable.

Taking the work of the army and the civil authorities together, it may be questioned whether anywhere else in modern times the world has seen a better example of real constructive statesmanship of our people have given in the Philippine Islands. The praise should also be given those Filipinos, in the aggregate very numerous, who have accepted the new conditions and joined with our representatives to work with hearty good will for the welfare of the islands.

The National Guard.

The measure providing for the reorganization of our militia and for securing the highest efficiency of the national guard, which has already passed the house, should receive prompt attention and action. It is of great importance that the relation of the national guard to the militia and volunteer forces of the United States should be defined, and in place of our present obsolete laws a practical and efficient system should be adopted.

Needs of the Navy.

For the first time in our history naval maneuvers on a large scale are being held under the immediate command of the admiral of the navy. Constantly increasing the navy is being paid to the gunnery of the navy, and yet far from what it should be. I earnestly urge that the increase asked for by the secretary of the navy in the appropriation for improving the marksmanship be granted. In battle the only shots that count are the shots that are necessary to provide ample funds for practice with the great guns in time of peace. These funds should provide not only for the purchase of projectiles, but for allowances for prizes to encourage the gun crews, and especially the gun pointers, under a perfecting an intelligent system, under which alone it is possible to get good practice.

There should be no halt in the work of building up the navy, providing every year additional fighting craft. We are a very rich country, vast in extent of territory and great in population; a country, moreover, which has an army of active indeed when compared with that of any other first-class power. We have deliberately made it our own certain foreign policies which demand the possession of a first-class navy. The efficiency of our navy is an inadequate size; but we have an inadequate navy, then the building of the navy should be merely giving a hostage to any power of superior strength. The Monroe doctrine should be treated as the cardinal feature of our foreign policy; but it would be worse than to assert it unless we intend to back it up, and it can be backed up only by a thoroughly good navy. A good navy is not a provocative of war. It is the surest guaranty of peace.

Rural Free Delivery.

The striking increase in the revenues of the post office department shows clearly the increasing activity of the business of the country. The receipts of the post office department for the fiscal year ending June 30 last amounted to \$121,948,047.28, an increase of \$10,216,833.87 over the preceding year, the largest increase known in the history of the postal service. The magnitude of fact that the entire postal receipts for the year 1880 amounted to \$8,518,067. In the experimental stage; it has become a fixed policy. The results following its progress in the rural districts of the country, its establishment and extension, made average yearly increase in the postal receipts is about two per cent. We are now where, by actual results, to show that where established to such an extent as to increase has been upward of ten per cent.

Progress of Irrigation.

Few subjects of more importance have been taken up by the congress in recent years than the inauguration of the system of nationally aided irrigation for the arid regions of the far west. A good thing has been done. Now being adopted, the need of thorough and scientific forest protection will grow more rapidly than ever throughout the public-land states.

So far as they are available for agriculture and to whatever extent they may be reclaimed under the national irrigation law, the remaining public lands should be held rigidly to the home builder, the settler who lives on his land, or on no one else. In their actual use, law, and the commutation clause of the homestead law have been so perverted from the intention with which they were enacted as to permit the acquisition of large areas of the public domain for other than actual settlers and the consequent prevention of settlement. Moreover, the rapid exhaustion of the public lands has of late led to much discussion as to the best manner of using these public lands in the west which are

suitable chiefly or only for grazing. The sound and steady development of the west depends upon the building up of homes therein. Much of our population as a nation has been due to the operation of the homestead law. On the other hand, we should recognize the fact that in the grazing region the man who responds to the homestead law who is able to settle permanently if only allowed to use the same amount of pasture as that his brother, the homesteader, is allowed to use of arable land. One has well watered soil, or a much smaller amount of irrigated land, may keep a living from 160 acres of dry pasture side only one head of cattle at the pasture. In the past great tracts of the public domain have been fenced in by persons having no right to do so, in defiance of the law for adding in direct violation of the law, such as the enclosure of public lands, for example, with such inclosures in such a manner as to have been in the past, but ample notice has now been given the trespassers, and all the resources of the command of the government will hereafter be used to put a stop to such trespassing.

Legislation Asked For.

I especially urge upon the congress the need of wise legislation for Alaska. Alaska, which has been ours for 35 years, should still have as good a system of laws as is the case. No country has more valuable possessions—in oil, wealth, fisheries, furs, forest, and also in land available for certain kinds of farming and stock growing. It is a territory of great size and varied resources, well fitted to support a large permanent population. Alaska needs a good land law and such provisions for the encouragement and preemption of such resources as permanent settlements. We should shape legislation with a view to the exploiting and guarding of the territory. The land laws should be liberal in type, so as to hold out inducements to the settler who holds no special interest in the possession of the land, and protected, and, as a secondary but still important matter, the game also, and at the same time it is imperative that the settlers should be allowed to take the proper regulations, for the protection of the Alaska salmon fisheries against the greed which would destroy them. They should be preserved as permanent industry and food supply. Their management and control should be turned over to the commission of fish and fisheries. Alaska should have a delegate in the congress. It would be well if a congressional committee could visit the ground.

The Indians.

In dealing with the Indians our aim should be the ultimate absorption into the body of our people. But in many cases this absorption must be very slow. In portions of the Indian territory the mixture of blood has gone on at the same time with progress in wealth and education, so that there is a plain in varying degrees of purity of Indian blood who are absolutely indistinguishable in point of social, political and economical ability from their white associates. There are no tribes which have as yet made no perceptible advance toward such equality. To prevent their going backward at all. Moreover, the tribes live under widely different conditions. Where a tribe is in considerable advance and lives on fertile farming soil it is possible to allot the members lands in severalty much as is the case with the white settlers. There are other tribes where the course is not desirable. On the arid prairie the effort should be to induce the Indians to lead pastoral rather than agricultural lives, and to permit them to settle in isolation.

The large Indian schools situated remote from any Indian reservation do great and peculiar work of great importance. But, excellent though these are, an immense amount of additional work must be done on the reservations themselves among the old, and above all among the young, Indians.

Scientific Aid to Farmers.

No department of governmental work in recent years has given so much success than that of giving scientific aid to the farming population, thereby showing them how most efficiently to help themselves. There is no need of insisting upon its importance, for the welfare of the farmer is fundamentally necessary to the welfare of the people as a whole. In addition to such work as quarantine against animal and vegetable plagues, and warning against them when here introduced, much efficient help has been rendered to the farmer by the introduction of new plants specially fitted for cultivation under the peculiar conditions existing in different portions of the country. New cereals have been established in the semi-arid west. For instance, the practicability of producing the best types of macaroni wheats in regions of an annual rainfall of only a few inches has been conclusively demonstrated. Through the introduction of new rice in Louisiana and Texas the production of rice in this country has been made to about equal the home demand. In the southwest the possibility of regaining overstocked range lands has been demonstrated; in the north new forage crops have been introduced, while in the east it has been shown that some of our choicest fruits can be stored and shipped in such a way as to find a profitable market abroad.

Protection for Railway Employees.

The safety-appliance law, for the better protection of the lives and limbs of railway employees, which was passed in 1903, went into full effect on August 1, 1904. It has resulted in averting thousands of casualties. Experience shows, however, the necessity of additional legislation to perfect this law. A bill to provide for this passed the senate at the last session. It is to be hoped that some such measure may now be enacted into law.

Gratifying Progress Has Been Made.

In the year in which the commission of the merit system of making appointments in the government service. It should be extended by law to the District of Columbia. It is much to be desired by our consular system be established by law on a basis providing for appointment and promotion only in consequence of proved fitness.

The New White House.

Through a wise provision of the congress at its last session the white house, which has become disfigured by ungracious additions and changes, has now been restored to what it was planned to be by the architect. Making the restoration the utmost care has been exercised to come as near as possible to the early plans and to supplement these plans by a careful study of such buildings as that of the University of Virginia, which was built by Thomas Jefferson. It is as the property of the nation, and so far as it is compatible with living therein, or should be kept as it originally was, the same reasons that we keep the state-vernacular as it originally was, in its simplicity of character, the period expression of the character of the period in which it was built, and is in accordance with the purposes it was designed to serve. It is a good thing to have such buildings as historic monuments which keep alive our sense of continuity with the nation's past. The reports of the several executive departments are submitted to the congress with this communication.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.
White House, December 1, 1904.

WONDERFUL WORK.

Case No. 18,977.—David M. Bye, P. Address Box 297, Midland, Mich., says: "Three months I was almost incapacitated from labor; could not sleep at night; had to walk the floor, owing to terrible pain in the hips, in the small of the back, in my hip and ankle of the right leg.

"I was treated for sciatic rheumatism in the hospital, but received no benefit. One month ago I returned home and was given a box of Doan's Kidney Pills. To-day residents of this city can bear witness to the fact that I am able to work, and can also walk to work without the aid of a walking-stick or crutch.

"In speaking of the immediate effect of Doan's Kidney Pills, I did not mean to deaden the pain, but quickly and surely to eradicate the cause of it.

"I am of the opinion that Doan's Kidney Pills is the best remedy for kidney ailments that can be procured. I was especially careful in my diet, in order to give the treatment fair play.

"In conclusion, I shall be pleased, at any time, to answer any inquiries regarding my case, from anyone desiring of obtaining it."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mr. Bye will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

Ethel—"Father, please give me a nickel." "Father—"Don't you think you're too big for a nickel?" Ethel—"Spouse you give me a quarter, then."—Detroit Free Press.

California.

The Passenger Department of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway has just issued a beautiful book of 60 pages, relating to California and the best route to the Pacific Coast. The book is artistically arranged, beautifully printed and fully illustrated—portraying the scenic beauties, hotel and transportation advantages, and details of outdoor life in the favored climate of the Coast.

This publication is of special value to those interested in California or contemplating a trip to that State, and may be obtained on receipt of four cents in stamps, or to W. B. Kniskern, Passenger Traffic Manager, Chicago, Ill.

Politician—Congratulations, Sarah, I've been nominated. Sarah (with delight)—Honestly? "What difference does that make?"—Detroit Free Press.

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CONQUERS PAIN

Happiness is the absence of pain, and millions have been made happy through being cured by Dr. JACOBS' OIL OF RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, TOOTHACHE, HEADACHE, LAMENESS, SCALDS, BURNS, SPRAINS, BRUISES and all pains for which an external remedy can be applied. It never fails to cure. Thousands who have been declared incurable at baths and in hospitals have thrown away their crutches, being cured after using Dr. JACOBS' OIL. Directions in eleven languages accompany every bottle.

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AT BED TIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK

NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE

LIVE STOCK AND MISCELLANEOUS

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PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

THE GAVEL FALLS.

Last Session of the Fifty-Seventh Congress Begins—Little Business in Either Branch.

Washington, Dec. 2.—The senate was in session 12 minutes Monday, the first day of the session, an adjournment until to-day being taken out of respect to the memory of the late Senator James McMillan (Mich.), who died during the recess. Rarely has the historic chamber presented such an appearance as it did Monday. The custom of placing flowers on the desk of senators on the opening of a session is one which long has been followed, but the display Monday was admittedly the most magnificent of any that heretofore has been seen. Many of the senators were early on the floor, and kept busy exchanging greetings with old acquaintances. The galleries were packed to suffocation and hundreds stood outside the corridors anxious to gain admission. Among the interested spectators were several members of the diplomatic corps. Senor Quesada, the Cuban minister, occupied a conspicuous place and exhibited much interest in the proceedings. The absence of Rev. Dr. Milburn, the blind chaplain, was particularly noticeable. His place was taken by Rev. J. F. Prettyman, of Washington. No business was transacted beyond passing the customary resolutions that the senate was ready to proceed to business and fixing the hour of convening the sessions at 12 o'clock.

Washington, Dec. 2.—The opening of the Fifty-seventh congress in the house was, as usual, a spectacular event. The galleries of the freshly decorated hall were packed to the doors with people prominent in society and politics, and the flower show on the floor, although not as elaborate as usual, filled the chamber with perfume and added grace and beauty to the scene. The members were good natured and jovial, and there was no out-cropping of partisan feeling. Speaker Henderson received a cordial reception as he assumed the gavel, but beyond this there was no demonstration. The proceedings were purely perfunctory. A prayer, the calling of the roll, the swearing in of members elected to fill vacancies created by death or resignation during the recess, the adoption of the customary resolutions to appoint a committee to wait upon the president to inform the senate that the house was ready to transact business and to fix the daily hour of meeting, summarized what was done. Then the death of the late Representative Charles Russell (Conn.), which occurred in the early fall, was announced by his successor, Dr. Brandegee, the usual resolution of regret was adopted, and the house, as a further mark of respect, adjourned until to-day, when the president's message will be received. The session lasted less than an hour.

Washington, Dec. 2.—A number of bills were introduced in the house Monday affecting commercial combinations, but none are administration measures. Several had been shown to Attorney General Knox, but he neither approved nor disapproved any of the proposed measures. It is expected that when the judiciary committee takes the bills up Mr. Knox will be invited to state his views.

A joint resolution offered by Representative H. C. Smith (Mich.) proposes an amendment to the constitution conferring on congress power to define, regulate, prohibit and dissolve trusts, monopolies, etc.

Representative Hepburn (Iowa), chairman of the committee on commerce, introduced a bill appropriating \$500,000 to be expended under the direction of the attorney general in the employment of special counsel and agents of the department of justice to conduct proceedings, suits and prosecutions in the enforcement of the Sherman anti-trust laws.

A bill introduced by Representative Snook (Ohio) aims at securing evidence in such suits, and provides that no one shall be excused from testifying. All measures on this subject were referred to the committee on judiciary.

Senator Cullom (Ill.) will introduce a Sherman law amendment forbidding transportation of articles made by concerns intended to monopolize or raise prices, outside of the state where made. Punishment is provided for companies carrying such articles.

SHOT FROM AMBUSH.

Two Men Assassinated by a Band of Negroes at a Village in Georgia.

Reidsville, Ga., Dec. 2.—News has just been received here of the assassination Sunday night near Jennie post office, 12 miles distant, of M. M. and Roy Burkhalter. They were shot from ambush by Joe and Ben Bruton, negroes, who were aided by two negro women and three boys. The women and boys have been arrested. The Brutons have escaped, but are being pursued, and a lynching is expected if the men are caught.



Fibroid Tumors Cured.

A distressing case of Fibroid Tumor, which baffled the skill of Boston doctors. Mrs. Hayes, of Boston, Mass., in the following letter tells how she was cured, after everything else failed, by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. Hayes' First Letter Appealing to Mrs. Pinkham for Help:
"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been under Boston doctors' treatment for a long time without any relief. They tell me I have a fibroid tumor. I cannot sit down without great pain, and the soreness extends up my spine. I have bearing-down pains both back and front. My abdomen is swollen, and I have had flowing spells for three years. My appetite is not good. I cannot walk or be on my feet for any length of time. "The symptoms of Fibroid Tumor given in your little book accurately describe my case, so I write to you for advice."—(Signed) Mrs. E. F. HAYES, 252 Dudley St., (Roxbury) Boston, Mass.

Note the result of Mrs. Pinkham's advice—although she advised Mrs. Hayes, of Boston, to take her medicine—which she knew would help her—her letter contained a mass of additional instructions as to treatment, all of which helped to bring about the happy result.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Sometime ago I wrote to you describing my symptoms and asked your advice. You replied, and I followed all your directions carefully, and to-day I am a well woman.

"The use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound entirely expelled the tumor and strengthened my whole system. I can walk miles now.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is worth five dollars a drop. I advise all women who are afflicted with tumors or female trouble of any kind to give it a faithful trial."—(Signed) Mrs. E. F. HAYES, 252 Dudley St., (Roxbury) Boston, Mass.

Mountains of gold could not purchase such testimony—or take the place of the health and happiness which Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound brought to Mrs. Hayes.

Such testimony should be accepted by all women as convincing evidence that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound stands without a peer as a remedy for all the distressing ills of women; all ovarian troubles; tumors; inflammations; ulceration, falling and displacements of the womb; backache; irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation. Surely the volume and character of the testimonial letters we are daily printing in the newspapers can leave no room for doubt. Mrs. Hayes at her above address will gladly answer any letters which sick women may write for fuller information about her illness. Her gratitude to Mrs. Pinkham and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is so genuine and heartfelt that she thinks no trouble is too great for her to take in return for her health and happiness.

Truly it is said that it is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that is curing so many women, and no other medicine; don't forget this when some druggist wants to sell you something else.

\$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

The YOUTH'S COMPANION

The Best Christmas Present for so Little Money—\$1.75.

Can you better invest \$1.75 for your entire family circle than in a subscription to the National Family Paper?

Christmas Present Coupon.

Cut Out this slip and send it at once with \$1.75 and name and address and you will receive:

GIFT 1. All the issues of The Companion from time subscription is received to the end of 1904, FREE, including the Beautiful Holiday Numbers.

GIFT 2. The Companion Calendar for 1905, lithographed in twelve colors and gold—a beautiful souvenir. Then The Youth's Companion for the 52 weeks of 1905—till January, 1906—all for \$1.75.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, BOSTON, MASS.

Live Stock and ELECTROTYPES

In great variety for sale at the lowest prices by A. N. KELLOGG NEWSPAPER CO., 73 W. Adams St., Chicago

A. N. K.—A 1906

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

No Matter

If your vocation is office work, outdoor work or farm work, what is otherwise a pleasant task to you will be burdensome if you have any of the many ills caused by indigestion, constipation, liver and kidney ailments.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin

is guaranteed to cure any form of stomach or bowel trouble. If it fails—your money right back.

All Druggists. 50c and \$1 Bottles

We will send you a sample bottle and a book on Stomach Troubles free, if you write us.

PEPSIN SYRUP CO., Monticello, Ill.

FINE SERVICE TO MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. PAUL

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY ROUTE

NEW LINE FROM CHICAGO

Via Dubuque, Waterloo and Albert Lea. Fast Vestibule Night train with through Sleeping Car, Buffet-Library Car and Free Reclining Chair Car. Dining Car Service en route. Tickets of agents of I. C. R. R. and connecting lines.

A. H. HANSON, G. P. A., CHICAGO.

The lamp with wrong chimney is like a letter without a stamp: Don't go. **MACBETH.**

My name on every one. If you'll send your address, I'll send you the Index to Lamps and their Chimneys, to tell you what number to get for your lamp. **MACBETH, Pittsburgh.**

FREE Christmas Dinners for 200,000 Poor People

will be supplied by the Salvation Army throughout the U. S. Will you help by sending a donation, no matter how small?

Salvation Army CHICAGO

Headquarters Dexter Bldg. Chicago, Ill.

FREE TO WOMEN

PAXTINE TOILET

To prove the healing and cleansing power of Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic we will mail a large trial package with book of instructions absolutely free. This is not a tiny sample, but a large package, enough to convince anyone of its value. Women all over the country are praising Paxtine for what it has done in local treatment of female ills, curing all inflammation and discharges, wonderful as a cleansing vaginal douche, for sore throat, nasal catarrh, as a mouth wash, and to remove tartar and whiten the teeth. Send to-day; a postal card will do.

Sold by druggists or sent postpaid by us. 50 cents, large box. Satisfaction guaranteed. **THE R. PAXTON CO., 201 Columbus Av., Boston, Mass.**

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY: gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 Days' treatment free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S BROS., Box 9, ATLANTA, GA.

TO MAKE ROOM

—FOR—

Holiday Goods

WE ARE MAKING

SPECIAL PRICES

—IN OUR—

Furniture Department

On Sideboards, Combination Desks, Chiffoniers, Extension Tables, Bedroom Suits, Dining Chairs, Springs and Mattresses, Couches, Iron Bedsteads, Etc.

—IN OUR—

Crockery Department

On Dinner Sets, Lamps, Toilet Sets.

SEE OUR BABY DOLL

—IN—

Bazaar Window.

With every purchase of 25 cents or over you will get a ticket, and on January 1st, 1903, whoever has the lucky number will get the Doll.

WE SHALL BE

Headquarters for Holiday Goods

—IN OUR—

Hardware Department

On Steel Ranges and Coal Stoves.

A few Second Hand Stoves for sale cheap.

A Few Team Harness at \$18.00 a Set

Also, Single Harness Cheap.

Look Out for Santa Claus
Advt. Next Week.

HOAG & HOLMES

COUNTY CLEANINGS.

A farmers' telephone line is projected between Manchester and Norvell.

There are 29 scholars attending the Bethel church parochial school in Freedom.

Arrangements are being made by the Michigan Telephone Co. to have a direct line from Manchester to Ann Arbor.

Ed. Chipman, of Plainfield, took home a new corn husker the other day and the first time he used it lost four of his fingers.

Jos. Hudson, of Manchester, had the end of the first two fingers of the left hand taken off by a corn shredder Monday morning.

Farmers in the vicinity of Francisco are selling their beans to S. M. Isbell & Co., of Jackson, who give them a better price than they can get from their local buyers.

John Andres, the Ann Arbor ice dealer, who was kicked in the face by his horse last June and had his jawbone broken and his face otherwise seriously injured, died Monday night of creeping paralysis, aged 39 years.

John Stephanus was found Sunday morning on the Michigan Central right of way at Ypsilanti with his neck broken and his face badly cut and mutilated. He had been struck and killed by the 12:05 passenger train going west.

A Norvell farmer, was in Manchester Friday night with some lady friends and in the early hours next morning went to the stable to harness his horse. He slipped the halter off the horse and turned to get the harness when the animal walked out of the open door and made tracks for home. The farmer and his ladies had to go home in a hired rig.

While hunting waterfowl on Portage Lake Tuesday of last week Andrew J. Sawyer, jr., of Ann Arbor, and his brother-in-law Myron Rose, of Stockbridge, were thrown into the water by their boat capsizing with them. Rose managed to get on the boat as it floated bottom side up but Sawyer floundered in the water three-quarters of an hour before he was rescued almost exhausted.

The contract for the new Y. M. C. A. building at Ann Arbor has been let to C. A. Sauer & Co. for the sum of \$34,350 82, the building to be completed by Nov. 1, 1903, provided the remainder of the amount can be raised by that time. At present \$22,000 has been raised, necessitating the raising before next November of \$12,350. The building must be started before April 1. It is probable that the excavating will be commenced this winter.

Saved at Grave's Brink.

"I know I would long ago have been in my grave," writes Mrs. S. H. Newsom, of Decatur, Ala., "if it had not been for Electric Bitters. For three years I suffered untold agony from the worst forms of indigestion, waterbrash, stomach and bowel dyspepsia. But this excellent medicine did me a world of good. Since using it I can eat heartily and have gained 35 pounds." For indigestion, loss of appetite, stomach, liver and kidney troubles Electric Bitters are a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50c at Glazier & Stimson's drug store.

Auction Sale.

Mrs. Catherine Loeffler having rented her farm situated four miles northeast of Chelsea and five miles west of Dexter, will sell all her personal property at public auction on the premises, Tuesday, Dec. 16, commencing at 9:30 a. m. The property consists of 5 horses, 14 head of cattle, 48 sheep, hogs, 85 tons timothy hay, 10 tons clover hay, 8 tons marsh hay, corn stalks, 10 acres of corn unhusked, 20 bushels potatoes, 125 chickens, farming tools and a quantity of household goods. Lunch at noon. Geo. E. Davis, salesman.

May Festival.

The dates for the University School of Music May Festival have not been arranged thus far. The festival will consist of five concerts as usual; on Thursday evening will be performed, for the first time in America, Edward Elgar's "Caractacus." Several ensemble numbers from "Die Meistersinger" will be given Friday evening, and the festival will close Saturday evening with a concert performance of Verdi's great masterpiece, "Aida." The afternoon concerts on Friday and Saturday afternoons will be devoted to orchestral compositions.

Merriman's all night workers make morning movements easy.

I'll brave the storms of Chilkoot Pass,
I'll cross the plains of frozen glass,
I'll leave my wife and cross the sea,
Rather than be without Rocky Mountain Tea.
Glazier & Stimson.

Read Dr. Watson's Ad.
Subscribe for the Herald, \$1 per year.

The L.H. Field Company

Jackson, Mich.

A Busy Cloak Room

The Cloak Room at the Busy Bee Hive is wide-awake and busy just because the bargains there offered are so general and so attractive. The stocks of Cloaks, Capes and Furs are, quality considered, priced the cheapest of any house in Jackson. Just now we are having a special sale of garments carried from last season. They are high grade material, well made, well lined, warm and serviceable. At the prices offered they are the Great Cloak Bargains of the year.

70 Jackets ranging in value all the way up to \$12.50, in two lots, priced \$2.98 and \$3.98.

35 Long Coats ranging in value up to \$18.00, in one lot at \$5.00 each.

40 Capes ranging in value up to \$12.00, in three lots, \$3.85, 5.00 and 7.50.

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Made in three types selling at

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The best Disc Machine on the Market

Entertains Everybody Everywhere

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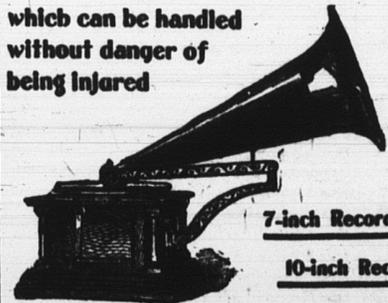
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7-inch Records 50 cents each; \$5 per doz.

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The GRAPHOPHONE and COLUMBIA RECORDS were awarded the GRAND PRIZE at the PARIS EXPOSITION of 1900

Columbia Phonograph Co.

37 Grand River Avenue, DETROIT, MICH.

Agents Wanted—Good Commissions paid.

Our Best Efforts are expended in doing the best work that is possible to be done.

CHELSEA STEAM LAUNDRY (Baths).

JAPANESE Napkins for sale in large or small quantities at the Herald Office. Cheapest in price and best for the money in town. Come and see them.

\$1000 In Cash Prize to Agents.

Light Work. High Reward.

Write for particulars. THE UNION GOSPEL NEWS, Cleveland, Ohio.

See Dr. Watson Monday, Dec. 8 will cure you.